

# 抗真菌蛋白轉基因洋桔梗之構築

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## 摘要

洋桔梗(*Eustoma grandiflorum*), 屬龍膽科(*Gentianaceae*)一年生或多年生草本花卉, 原產美國中南部內布拉斯加至德州一帶, 台灣地區農作物多元而複雜, 病蟲害的發生率也相對提高, 其中微生物引起的病害中80%以上是經由真菌所引起, 一般藉由噴灑大量的農藥或抑菌劑來克服病害, 因考慮到農藥對環境的危害及殘留的疑慮, 希望能藉由遺傳工程的方式, 將抗真菌蛋白基因導入植物體內, 期望可達到防治效果。利用扣除雜交法由木瓜成熟果實所得到之抗真菌蛋白基因之構築體Cp-AFP3, 由中央研究院蕭介夫博士提供, 經胺基酸序列比對, 發現其結構類似於植物防禦素(plant defensins)中的AFP3蛋白的基因。本研究主要將Cp-AFP3基因以農桿菌轉殖的方式, 將此抗真菌蛋白基因送入植物體內, 並進行相關的抗菌分析, 期望抗真菌蛋白基因在洋桔梗中大量表現, 減低真菌所帶來的危害, 目前已轉殖出8個具有Cp-AFP3基因之轉基因洋桔梗株系, 本試驗將進一步做相關之分子分析與病原真菌接種試驗。在瓶內以紋枯病原菌接種, 結果發現接種4-10天後, 非轉基因植物均已產生病徵或相繼罹病死亡, 而轉基因洋桔梗line 3-2、line 8、line 17則展現了相當不錯的抗性, 轉基因植株與非轉基因植物相較之下, 有較佳的抗性。於RT-PCR分析與GFP蛋白質觀察後, 發現抗性較高之轉基因植株, 產生之轉基因蛋白質量也相對較高。

關鍵詞: 抗真菌蛋白、轉基因洋桔梗、紋枯病

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