

# Development and Application of Low Temperature Nano Spray Drier

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## ABSTRACT

Heat-sensitive materials were decomposed by a commodity spray drying method. In order to obtain dry powder without any decomposition, a novel spray-drying method using dry nitrogen in low temperature by volatilization of liquid nitrogen was used to remove moisture from spray. A heat exchanger was designed and connected to a nano spray dryer. When heat was exchanged between air flow and low temperature nitrogen, it was found that the moisture from air flow was removed and nitrogen temperature was elevated to room temperature. The dried air was used to produce high pressure spray and the nitrogen was used as dried gas flow, and meantime the sprayed sample was dried at low temperature. This experimental design and setup showed that 21 g water can be removed from spray per minute. This study proved that 10 mL water was removed from spray per minute. Comparing the effect of high with low temperature spray drying using chitosan suspension as sample, some results were found from FESEM analysis of the dried samples. It was found that powder treated with high temperature contained 6.5 % moisture with light brownish color, and formed a range of particle size between 130 and 410 nm with a folded surface morphology, but on the other hand, powder treated with low temperature contained 6.3 % moisture with whitish color, and formed a range of particle size between 110 and 360 nm with a smooth and spherical surface morphology. Comparing the effect of different drying process using *B.longum* suspension as sample, The survival rate of *B.longum* prepared low temperature spray drying was 69%, while high temperature spray drying was 20%, and freeze drying was 90%.

Keywords : Low temperature spray drying ; Chitosan ; Nano

## Table of Contents

封面內頁 簽名頁 授權書	iii	中文摘要	iv	英文摘要	v	誌謝	vii	目錄	viii	圖目錄	xi	表目錄	xii	1. 研究目的	1	2. 文獻回顧	2	2.1 奈米科技	2	2.1.1 奈米化技術	2	2.2 噴霧乾燥	5	2.2.1 噴霧乾燥流程	5	2.2.2 低溫噴霧乾燥	6	2.2.3 噴嘴型式	7	2.2.4 樣品收集方式	10	2.3 冷凍乾燥	11	2.4 幾丁質與幾丁聚醣	12	2.4.1 幾丁質與幾丁聚醣之特性	12	2.4.2 幾丁質與幾丁聚醣之應用	14	2.5 細菌的培養與生長	15	2.5.1 影響生長之條件	15	2.5.2 菌體之生長週期	15	2.5.3 細菌生長之測量	16	2.5.4 常用菌體活性保存方式	17	2.6 乳酸菌	18	2.6.1 乳酸菌之介紹與應用	19	3. 材料設備與方法	21	3.1 實驗材料	21	3.1.1 藥品及耗材	21	3.1.2 菌種及培養基	22	3.1.3 幾丁聚醣懸浮溶液之製備	23	3.1.4 乳酸菌液之製備	23	3.1.5 乳酸菌-幾丁聚醣之懸浮溶液之配製	24	3.1.6 <i>B.longum</i> -幾丁聚醣之懸浮溶液之配製	24	3.1.7 改良 <i>B.longum</i> -幾丁聚醣懸浮溶液配製	24	3.2 實驗設備	26	3.3 實驗方法	27	3.3.1 低溫噴霧乾燥設備原理及組裝	28	3.3.2 高溫噴霧乾燥	38	3.3.3 冷凍乾燥	38	3.4 分析方法	39	3.4.1 穿透式電子顯微鏡	39	3.4.2 場發射型掃瞄式電子顯微鏡	39	3.4.3 含水率測試	40	3.4.4 菌體相對存活率計算	40	4. 結果與討論	41	4.1 實驗設備改良與探討	41	4.1.1 實驗設計與改良	41	4.1.2 噴嘴之選用	42	4.1.1 配方之設計改良	43	4.2 幾丁聚醣奈米顆粒製備及分析探討	45	4.2.1 顆粒形態分析	45	4.2.2 含水率測試	50	4.3 乳酸菌-幾丁聚醣顆粒製備及分析探討	51	4.3.1 顆粒形態分析	51	4.3.2 含水率測試	58	4.3.3 菌體相對存活率	58	5. 結論	60	5.1 結論	60	5.2 未來展望	61	參考文獻	62	圖目錄	圖2.1冷凍噴霧乾燥法之實驗流程示意圖	.....	8	圖2.2液相噴霧冷凍法之實驗流程示意圖	.....	9	圖2.3纖維素、幾丁質及幾丁聚醣之化學結構	.....	13	圖3.1 <i>B.longum</i> 培養50 hr 後pH與吸收值分布圖	.....	25	圖3.2 實驗流程圖	.....	32	圖3.3 低溫奈米噴霧乾燥設備流程圖	.....	33	圖3.4 热交換冷凝管設計示意圖	.....	34	圖3.5 热交換冷凝管實物圖	.....	35	圖3.6 氣體儲存槽	.....	36	圖3.7 溫度指示裝置	.....	37	圖4.1 未改良 <i>B.longum</i> -幾丁聚醣FESEM圖	.....	44	圖4.2 低溫噴霧乾燥1%幾丁聚醣之表面形態	.....	47	圖4.3 高溫噴霧乾燥1%幾丁聚醣之表面形態	.....	48	圖4.4 冷凍乾燥幾丁聚醣之表面形態	.....	49	圖4.5 低溫噴霧乾燥 <i>B.longum</i> -幾丁聚醣之表面形態	.....	52	圖4.6 高溫噴霧乾燥 <i>B.longum</i> -幾丁聚醣之表面形態	.....	53	圖4.7 冷凍乾燥 <i>B.longum</i> -幾丁聚醣之表面形態	.....	54	圖4.8 幾丁聚醣懸浮溶液FESEM圖	.....	56	圖4.9 乳酸菌懸浮溶液經噴霧乾燥之菌體形態	.....	57	表目錄 表3.1 MRS培養基組成配方	.....	22	表4.1 顆粒粉末顏色外觀之比較表	.....	46	表4.2 不同製程中樣品之含水率	.....	50	表4.3 不同製程中 <i>B.longum</i> 之存活率	.....	59
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