

人體主動脈體外流場特性解析

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摘要

主動脈、主動脈弓以及主動脈的三個主要分岔處是發生主動脈剝離與動脈粥樣硬化現象的高危險區域，形成這些病變的關鍵因素係因主動脈內複雜的血液流動特性對血管壁面所產生的壓力與異常剪應力所引起的。有鑒於此，本研究初期藉由核磁共振影像(Phase-Contrast Magnetic Resonance Imaging, PC-MRI數據由台中榮民總醫院提供)，獲得一般正常人的主動脈弓外型，再利用快速成型(Rapid Prototyping, RP)技術製成人體主動脈弓模型，經由體外主動脈弓實驗量測得到穩態條件下的流量與壓力，並作為數值模擬的幾何外型與邊界條件依據。本研究理論分析基於計算流體力學軟體ACE+R的三維、穩態、不可壓縮牛頓流體模型以進行數值計算，再藉由PC-MRI方法量測體外主動脈弓的速度分佈，及利用基礎粒子顯像(Particle Imaging)的方式觀察主動脈的三個主要分岔處之流場結構，前述實驗結果可用以驗證理論模型與計算程式的正確性。探討的重點是以穩態條件下主動脈、主動脈弓與主動脈三個主要分岔處的流場分布，用以決定血液於心臟脈動週期下的平均速度，有助於了解血管壁面剪應力與壓力分布的趨勢，並檢視速度分布、二次流變化等效應對壁面壓力和剪應力的影響，進而有效預測出主動脈血管壁面上較有可能發生主動脈剝離與動脈粥樣硬化的位置。本文之數值計算結果符合體外主動脈弓實驗所量測的數據分布，更說明了導致主動脈剝離與動脈粥樣硬化的相關血流動力因數與高危險區域。

關鍵詞：主動脈弓；生物流體力學；分歧管；數值模擬

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