

CuPc/Alq3有機發光二極體之製作與光電特性之研究

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摘要

本實驗主要以熱蒸鍍方式於已鍍有氧化銻錫(Indium Tin Oxide, ITO)之導電玻璃上，在壓力 10^{-5} torr以下成長有機材料薄膜，用以製作有機發光二極體(Organic Light Emitting Devices, OLED)。所使用的材料為銅苯二甲藍(Copper Phthalocyanine, CuPc)與三(8-羥基??)鋁(Tris-(8-hydroxyquinoline) Aluminum, Alq3)，以CuPc/Alq3雙層為基礎結構，探討膜厚與發光特性之關係。此外，有機發光二極體之效率與元件之電阻大小有很大的關係，所以本論文也測量不同金屬電極與氧化銻錫(Indium Tin Oxide, ITO)陽極間之接觸電阻值，並間接得知使用氧電漿(oxygen plasma)處理過後之氧化銻錫的功函數變化情形。由量測的電流對電壓(I-V)特性曲線來看，當銅苯二甲藍(CuPc)厚度為300 nm，三(8-羥基??)鋁(Alq3)厚度為400 nm與600 nm時的底限電壓較小，約5 V~6 V左右。氧化銻錫與金的接觸電阻率比較小，經過氧電漿處理過的氧化銻錫與金接觸電阻率更低，顯然金是比較適合做連接氧化銻錫的電極。

關鍵詞：有機發光二極體；銅苯二甲藍(CuPc)；三(8-羥基??)鋁(Alq3)

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