

影響Bacillus sp.DYU1菌株所生產之生物絮凝劑環境因子探討

陳永祥、吳建一

E-mail: 9607758@mail.dyu.edu.tw

摘要

生物絮凝劑是一種天然高分子絮凝劑，具有無毒、安全、高效、可生物降解、無二次污染等特點，已被廣泛使用於廢水處理、食品與發酵工業以及自來水處理。生物絮凝劑DYU 300是由Bacillus sp. DYU1的發酵液所製備，具有良好之絮凝活性。本篇研究利用高嶺土懸浮液(kaolin suspension)為模擬對象，以探討絮凝劑DYU 300之絮凝能力。DYU 300之組成成分中，總糖、糖醛酸(uronic acid)、蛋白質及聚醯胺所占百分比分別為13.5%、3.4%、4.7%和48.7%。經傅立葉紅外線光譜(FT-IR)分析顯示，DYU 300具有羧基和胺基官能基團。而經絮凝試驗發現，絮凝活性、絮凝率及黏度會隨Bacillus sp. DYU1生長而增加，由此可知，生物絮凝劑DYU 300為菌株生長期間所生產。此外，實驗結果發現，添加二價金屬離子(Ca²⁺和Mg²⁺)於高嶺土懸浮液中可促進DYU 300的絮凝活性，而金屬離子的協同作用在酸鹼值pH 6-8範圍最為顯著。室溫下，添加40 mg-DYU 300/L及41.5 mM MgSO₄至懸浮液中(pH 8)，可獲得最佳絮凝活性及絮凝率分別為19.5和97.4%。

關鍵詞：絮凝、生物絮凝劑、高嶺土、生物聚合物

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