A Study on Improve Share Image of Visual Cryptography

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ABSTRACT

The visual cryptography (VC) was developed by M. Naor and A. Shamir in 1994. It shares the secret among participants and transmits the parts of secret separately. The secret can only be decrypted by all participants of a qualified set. The most notable feature of visual cry-ptography is that it can recover a secret image without any computation and any cryptography knowledge. It just uses the characteristics of human vision to decrypt encrypted images. For the simplest visual cryptography scheme, the secret image with size n x n is encrypted into two share images. Both of the share images are with the same size 2n x 2n. Therefore, total data quantity and storage space are 8 times of the secret image. To decrypt the secret, the share images are printed on transparencies first and then stack them together. In this thesis, we do an improvement on share image of visual cryptography. In traditional VC, the two share images are with the same size. The share image is four times as large as the secret image. Utilize the symmetric property of 90 ° rotation for square image, one of the share can be reduced to 1/4 of the original. So, the two share images produced by the proposed new scheme are with different sizes. These two shares can be seen as the cipher text and the secret key in the cryptographic system. During decoding, you need to stack the smaller share with the four corners (top-left,top-right, bottom-left, bottom-right) of the larger share, separately. For each stacking, one quarter of the secret image will be revealed. In summary, the proposed VC method not only protects the secret image but also reduces the size of one share image into 1/4. Therefore, data quantity and storage space is less than the traditional VC.

Keywords: Visual Cryptography (VC), Secret Image, Share Image

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