A Study on Mainland Chinese University Students 'Decision and Intention of Selecting Universities in Taiwan

林益豐、姚惠忠

E-mail: 9605046@mail.dyu.edu.tw

ABSTRACT

Since the birthrate in Taiwan is decreasing, the population of students is also decreasing progressively. Besides, the strong competition pressure from universities all over the world after Taiwan joined the WTO, the machnisam of education market in taiwan shows a pattern that the strong will stay in the business but the weak will be screened out. For example, in August of 2002, after implementing the latest regulations of university entence, there is a serious phenomena appeared in some universities that they could not enrole enough new students; this problem is going to be more serious in the future, and it may jeopardize the operation or even the existence of universities. As a result, it is important for the universities and colleges in Taiwan to improve their competitiveness to attract new students both nationally and internationally. This research aims to study the motivation from mainland students who may come to study in Taiwan, and the findings can help to be the blueprint for us to predict the factors that can attract the mainland students to come to study in Taiwan; moreover, by interviewing some mainland students studying in Taiwan at present, it is to observe the factors that may affect their decision while selecting a university. In August of 2005, by employing the method of snowballing and sampling, the researcher interviewed some mainland students studying a short-term course in Taiwan. The main purpose of this research is attempting to provide a reference for the maindland students who are willing to come to study in Taiwan for their higher education when the gates of education from both sides are open in the future. Moreover, the findings from the research may provides the universities and colleges in Taiwan with tactics of enrolling new students, thus, the universities can develop good preparations and stratagies to attract students from Mainland to study in Taiwan.

Keywords: Mainland students; will of coming to Taiwan; desicion of selecting schools

Table of Contents

授權書iii 中文摘要iv 英文摘要v 誌謝vii 目錄viii 圖目錄x 表目錄xi
第一章 緒論 第一節 研究動機
現況
或對台灣的印象 .29 第三章 研究方法 第一節 概念架構
期結果
58 第三節 對台灣學校與學術之感受77 第四節 學校訊息來源管道97 第五章 結論與建議 第一節
結論115 第二節 建議119 參考文獻125

REFERENCES

中文部份 1.吳毓津. (1997). 大學生科系選擇因素的分析 - 以中央大學與政治大學為例. 中正大學人力資源管理研究所碩士論文, 桃園. 2.吳萬益, & 林清河. (2000). 企業研究方法 (初版 ed.). 台北: 華泰圖書出版公司. 3.林靜珊. (2002). 大學甄試生選校決策因素之探討. 大葉大學工業關係學系碩士論文, 彰化縣. 4.孫茂峰, 黃國慶, & 林昭庚. (2003). 台灣學生至大陸高等院校修習中醫學位 (含針灸)現象之初步探討. 中華針灸醫學會雜誌(6),87-107. 5.曹春隆. (2001). 專科學生升學與選擇校系態度之研究. 大葉大學工業關係學系碩士論文,彰化縣. 6.陳向明. (2005). 社會科學質的研究. 台北: 五南書局. 7.陳金雄. (2000). 「擴大招收華裔子弟來台升學」策略與作法之研究. Paper presented at the 第二屆僑民教育研討會,台灣師範大學. 8.陳冠良. (2004). 成人參與碩士學位課程決定因素之研究:以成教所為例國立中正大學/成人及繼續教育研究所,嘉義. 9.粘孝堉,王元仁, & 夏郭賢. (2002). 應用品質機能展開改善學校招生之研究. 技術及職業教育雙月刊, 69, 36-41. 10.游騰穎. (2001). 台灣地區學生赴北京高等院校就學現況之研究. 淡江大學大陸研究所未出版碩士論文. 11.王筱萱. (2004). 理性行為理論應用於武陵地區農民用火行為之探討. 台灣大學森林環境暨資源學研究所未出版碩士論文. 12.許安琪.(2005). 學生特質、國家形象與留學意願關係之研究. 以臺灣青年學生為例. 國立暨南國際大學國際企業學系研究所未出版碩士論文. 13.黃賀. (2004). 國際交換學生制度效益之研究. 行政院國家科學委員會專題研究成果報告. 14.劉勝驥。 楊慧文. (2002). 臺灣學生留學大陸之現況研究. 中國大陸研究, 45(6), 49-79. 15.劉勝驥. (2002). 台灣學生在中國. 高雄: 復文出版社. 16.蕭真美. (1998). 海峽兩岸教育界之交流. 中國大陸研究, 41(3), 69-79. 17.蘇起, & 張良任. (1996). 兩岸文化交流-理念、歷程與展望. 台北: 行政院陸委會. 18.Neumann, W. L. (1997). 社會研究方法:質化與量化取向 (朱柔若, Trans.): 揚智文化. 19.Glesne, C. (2006). 質性研究導論 (莊明貞 & 陳怡如, Trans. 2 ed.): 高等教育文化事業. 20.大陸求學情報網, 台灣青少年到大陸

高校參觀考察交流 21.王瑞琦.(2001)高等教育大眾化 二十世紀中國大陸高等教育發展之目標. 中國大陸研究,44(5), 41-60. 22.周濟.(2003). 歷史性的跨越 新征途的重任— 中國高等教育改革與發展的回顧和展望. 京港學術交流. 57期 23.黃政傑.(2004). 中國大陸學生來台就讀大 學之評估. 師代月刊.9月號, 1-5. 24.楊景堯.(2004). 開放大陸學生來臺就學對臺灣私立大學生存之助益. 展望與探索. 2(9), 112-114. 25.楊景 堯.(2006). .台北,新文京開發出版. 英文部分 1.Agarwal, V. B., & Winkler, P. R. (1985). Foreign demand for United States higher education: a study of developing countries in the eastern hemisphere. Economic Development and Cultural Change, 33 2.Coccari, R. L., & Javalgi, R. G. (1995). Analysis of students ' needs in selecting a college or university in a changing environment. Journal of marketing for higher education Economics, 6(2), 27-39. 3. Comm, C. L., & Labay, D. G. (1996). Reposition colleges using changing student quality perceptions: an exploratory analysis. . Journal of marketing for higher education Economics, 7(4), 21-34. 4. Kashlak, R. J., & Jones, R. M. (1996). Journal of Teaching in International Business, 8(2), 57-75. 5. Mazzarol, T., & Soutar, G. N. (2002). "Push-pull" factors influencing international student destination choice. The International Journal of Educational Management, 16(2/3), 82. 6. Mazzarol, T. W. (1998). Critical success factors for international education marketing. International Journal of Education Management,, 12(4), 163-175. 7. Mcmahon, M. E. (1992). Higher education in a world market:an historical look at the global context of international study. Higher Education, 24(4), 465-482. 8.Rosen, D. E., Curran, J. M., & Greenlee, T. B. (1998). College choice in a brand elimination framework: the administrator 's perspective. Journal of Marketing for Higher Education, 8(4), 61-81. 9. Stiber, G. (2000). Characterizing the decision process leading to enrollment in doctoral programs: Theory, application, and practicce. Journal of Marketing for Higher Education, 10(1), 13-26. 10. Stiber, G. (2001). Characterizing the decision process leading to enrollment in master 's programs: Further application of the enrollment process model. Journal of Marketing for Higher Education., 11(2), 91-107, 11.Bourke, (2000), A model of the determinants of international trade in higher education. The Service Industries Journal, 20(1), 117-124. 12. Kemp. (1998). Emerging Austrlian Education Markets: A discrete choice model of Taiwanese and Indonesian student intendend Study Destination. Education Economics, 12(2), 162-168.(3), 623-644. 13. Fishbein and Ajzen (1975). Belief, attitude, intention, and behavior: An introduction to theory and research. Mass.: Addison-Wesley Publishing Company, Inc. ISBN: 0201020890. 14.Ajzen, I. and Fishbein, M. (1980). Understanding attitudes and predicting social behavior, N. J.: Prentice-Hall, Inc, ISBN: 0139364358. 15. Ajzen, I. (1985). From intention to action: A theory of planned behavior, In J. Kuhl and J. Beckmann (Eds.). Action control: From cognition to behavior (pp.11-39). N. Y.: Springer-Verlag.