

# Study of optoelectrical properties of Dye-Sensitized Solar Cells

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## ABSTRACT

The optimal Solar Cells must meet the following requirement: (1).Higher efficiency. (2).Low costs. (3).Good reliability and stability. (4)More Application. According to above-mentioned four points, because the cost and application are limited to the material problem in the traditional PV Cell, it is unable to get good improvement. Observe Dye-sensitized Solar Cells, because of its congenital advantage, the production cost is low and the application is extensive too, only efficiency and stability has not got good improvement yet, so it is incomparable research and development in the future. The modified Shockley equation were used to correlated the diode characteristic of dye-sensitized solar cells. The series resistance,  $R_s$  and diode quality factor,  $n$  were derived from the intercept and slope of corresponding equation, respectively. The  $R_s$  and  $n$  can be regarded as two of the most important criteria in evaluating the cell performance. The results show that the no. of spin-coated layers is proportion to the thickness of  $TiO_2$  thin film. Besides, the open circuit voltage,  $V_{oc}$  of the as-deposited DSSCs always kept constant(500~520mV) until the thickness of  $TiO_2$  film reached certain value(20mm) after which the  $V_{oc}$  of the cells decreased apparently. The optimal thickness of  $TiO_2$  film ( $L_n$ ) calculated form photoelectron diffusion model theoretically was 10mm which is in accordance those obtained experimentally from our studies(dye: TCPP). The  $J_{sc}$  of as-prepared DSSCs were first increased as the thickness of  $TiO_2$  film increased. This tendency is coincident with those of  $R_s$  calculated from the modified Shockley equation. From the calculated values, the  $R_s$  reaches its minimal of 123W for four layers  $TiO_2$  thin films with thickness of 13mm while the maximum  $R_s$  has value of 506W for the  $TiO_2$  thin films with thickness of 27.5mm during which the  $J_{sc}$  became vague. However, no matter what the thickness of  $TiO_2$  film is, the FF seems to be kept within 0.33~0.35. One of the main reasons for such low value of FF might come from the instability of sensitized used in ous system.

Keywords : The modified Shockley equation ; dye-sensitized solar cell ; Series resistance ; diode quality factor ; future ; system ; after

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