

Detection and Prevention of Flooding Distributed Denial-of-Services Based on a Multi-agent Structure

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ABSTRACT

With the rapid growth of Internet, malicious attacks are getting more numerous and menacing. Distributed denial-of-service (DDoS) attacks are different from most other attacks, because they are not targeted at gaining access to information systems. These attacks focus on making a service unavailable for normal use, which is typically accomplished by exhausting some resource limitation on the network or within an operating system or application. This attack interferes with trading online and causes the damages to the business. Therefore, establishing efficient detecting and preventing schemes will become the main concern for the business. General flood DDoS detecting schemes can't prevent attacks by legal users, and it can't backup immediately crashed servers, either. Therefore, this thesis proposes a multi-agent structure to integrate three protection schemes. The first is based on elliptic curve public key cryptosystems to authenticate users. The second is the protection scheme of the service port transformation, which servers still can operate normally even if being attacked by numerous abnormal packets. The third is the backup scheme. When the agent finds out flood DDoS attacks crash the servers, the backup scheme will start on to notice the near hosts to backup the crashed host. In summary, this study is based on three schemes to develop a practical system, which still can provide services normally and also have the ability to backup hosts immediately even if they are attacked by flood DDoS.

Keywords : Network security ; Distributed denial of service ; Intrusion detection systems ; Elliptic curve public key cryptosystems ; Backup scheme

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