

Design and Analysis of Dual-Band Gap-Filler for DAB Single Frequency Network

許文昭、林漢年

E-mail: 9509727@mail.dyu.edu.tw

ABSTRACT

This research is aimed at designing a DAB signal repeater, also known as gap filler, to solve the problem of the dead zone of electromagnetic wave caused by scattering of the buildings. Besides providing the function of solving the dead zone problem, this repeater can also relay and improve the signals which are shielded by the buildings. In this work, the designed gap filler for digital radio frequency will cover both Band and L-Band DAB systems. The desired frequency bands are from 170~240MHz and 1452~1492MHz. The gap filler circuit is divided into two parts, low noise amplifier (LNA) and power amplifier (PA). These two individual circuit components are integrated by a single frequency network time delay controller. External receiving antenna and transmitting antenna are chosen to match with the amplifier system. The active device used in the low noise amplifier and power amplifier are respectively BFG25W and BFG21W manufactured by Philips Company. For designing the amplifier, the Advanced Design System 2004A was being utilized to analyze and simulate the circuit for the impedance matching. During this study, a large number of surface mounted devices of lump elements were being used for making the impedance matching in the frequency range. All the circuits were mounted on the FR4 printed circuit board and the S parameter were measured by the network analyzer.

Keywords : Digital Audio Broadcasting (DAB) ; Gap-Filler ; Low Noise Amplifier(LNA) ; Power Amplifier(PA) ; Single Frequency Network(SFN)

Table of Contents

封面內頁 簽名頁 授權書	iii	中文摘要	
. iv 英文摘要		v 誌謝	
. vi 目錄		vii 圖目錄	
. x 表目錄		xiv 第	
一章 緒論 1.1 前言	1	1.2 研究動機及方法	2
1.3 論文架構	3	第二章 射頻電路基礎理論 2.1 S參數	
. 18		2.2 反射係數與功率增益方程式	18
. 8		2.2.1 反射係數	
. 8		2.2.2 功率增益方程式	10
雜訊	18	2.3 穩定性	18
. 18		2.4 射頻電路	
. 22		2.5 1dB增益壓縮點	22
. 22		2.6 失真	
. 24		2.6.1 互調失真	25
. 25		2.6.2 三階互調失真	
. 28		2.7 效率	24
. 30		第三章 功率放大器設計考量 3.1 功率放大器的種類	
. 30		3.1.1 A類功率放大器	30
. 32		3.1.2 B類功率放大器	
. 32		3.1.3 AB類功率放大器	35
. 35		3.1.4 C類功率放大器	36
. 36		3.1.5 D、E	
. 38		F類功率放大器	38
. 40		3.2 直流偏壓網路	38
. 41		3.3 最佳負載求取方法	
. 43		3.3.1 負載調整法	41
. 43		3.3.2 軟體模擬法	
. 45		3.4 阻抗匹配網路	45
第四章 單頻網路時間延遲器與雙頻段中繼放大器模			
擬與製作 4.1 簡介	8	4.2 低雜訊放大器 (Low Noise Amplifier)	57
4.2.1 電路設計步驟	58	4.2.2 二級L-Band低雜訊放大器	66
4.2.2 二級L-Band低雜訊放大器	66	4.2.3 二級Band 低雜訊	
放大器	66	4.3 功率放大器(Power Amplifier)	74
4.3 功率放大器(Power Amplifier)	74	4.3 電路設計步驟	
. 75		4.3.2 L-Band功率放大器	85
. 85		4.3.3 Band 功率放大器	85
4.3.3 Band 功率放大器	85	4.4 單頻	
網路時間延遲控制器設計與製作	91	4.5 結果討論	8
4.5 結果討論	8	第五章 結論	
. 96		參考文獻	98
. 98		附錄A	
. 102		附錄B	
. 110		附錄C	114

REFERENCES

[1] 經濟部高畫質視訊工業發展推動小組工業局, “數位廣播專刊”, 2002-3.

- [2] 經濟部工業局, “數位視訊多媒體月刊”, 2001-10.
- [3] David M. Pozar, “Microwave Engineering”, Second Edition, Chapt. 2, Chap. 5, Wiley, 1998.
- [4] 袁帝文/王岳華/謝孟翰/王弘毅編著, “高頻通訊電路設計”, 高立圖書 [5] Guillermo Gonzales, “Microwave Transistor Amplifiers Analysis and Design”, Chap. 2, Chap. 3, Chap. 4, Prentice Hall, 1997.
- [6] C.T. Armijo and R. G. Meyer, “A new wide-band Darlington amplifier”, IEEE J. Solid-State Circuits, vol. SC-16, pp. 634, Dec. 1981.
- [7] M. Maeda et. al., “Source Second Harmonic Control for High Efficiency Power Amplifier”, IEEE Trans. MTT, vol. 43, pp. 2952-2958, 1995.
- [8] M. L. Edwards and J. H. Sinsky, “A New Criteria for Linear 2-Port Stability Using a single Geometrically Derived Parameter”, IEEE Trans. Microwave Theory and Techniques, vol. MTT-40, pp. 2803-2811, December 1992.
- [9] Behzad Razavi, “RF Microelectronics” Section 2.3, Prentice Hall, 1998.
- [10] Wei Guo; Daquan Huang; ASIC, 2002. “The Noise and Linearity Optimization for A 1.9-GHz CMOS Low Noise Amplifier” Proceedings. 2002 IEEE Asia-Pacific Conference on , 2002 pp. 253 -257 [11] Luca Daniel and Manolis Terrovitis, “A Broadband Low-Noise Amplifier”, EECS217 “Microwave Circuit Design” [12] Joseph F. White, “Apply S-parameters To Amplifier Design”, Microwave & RF July 2004.
- [13] 許敬恭, “數位廣播電波間隙補強器整合設計與研究”, 大葉大學 [14] J.L. Smith, “A Method to Predict the Level of Intermouldation Products in Broadband Power Amplifiers”, Microwave Journal. vol.46, No2, pp. 62-78, Feb.2003.
- [15] 育英科技有限公司, “射頻電路設計實習”, 滄海書局, 90年.
- [16] S. C. Cripps, “A Theory of the Prediction of GaAs FET Load-Pull Power Contours”, IEEE MTT-S Dig., pp. 221-223, 1983.
- [17] L. A. Geis and L. P. Dunleavy, “Power Contours Plots Using Linear Simulators” Microwave Journal., pp. 60-70, June 1996.
- [18] Raab, F.H.; Asbeck, P.; Cripps, S.; Kenington, P.B.; Popovic, Z.B.; Potheary, N.; Sevic, J.F.; Sokal, N.O., “Power amplifiers and transmitters for RF and microwave”, IEEE Trans. Microwave Theory and Techniques, vol. 50, Mar. 2002.
- [19] Reinhold Ludwig and Pavel Bretchko, “FR Circuit Design Theory and Applications”, Chapter8, Chapter9, Prentice Hall, 2000.
- [20] 傅延宗, “Design and Implementation of 2.4GHz RF Power Amplifier”, 中華大學.
- [21] 張佑誠, “可控制增益寬頻功率放大器之設計與製作”, 逢甲大學.
- [22] 簡練, “共平面波導Ka頻段低雜訊與功率放大器之研製”, 國立交通大學.
- [23] Steve C. Cripps, “RF Power Amplifiers for Wireless Communications”, Chapter2, Artech House, 1999.
- [24] C. Duvanaud, S. Dietsche, G. Pataut, and J. Obregon, “High-Efficiency Class F GaAs FET Amplifiers Operating with Very Low Bias Voltages for Use in Mobile Telephones at 1.75 GHz”, IEEE Microwave and Guide Wave Letters, vol. 3, pp.268-270, Aug.1993.
- [25] Frederick H. Raab, “Class-F Power Amplifier with Maximally Flat Waveforms”, IEE Trans. On MTT, vol. 45, pp. 2007-2012, Nov. 1997.
- [26] Marian Kazimierczuk, “Effects of the Collector Current Fall Time on the Class E Tuned Power Amplifier”, IEE J. Solid-State Circuits, vol.SC-18, pp. 181-193, Apr. 1983.
- [27] 李春生, “平面式主動天線研究”, 大葉大學.
- [28] Griffin, E. L., “Application of Loadline Simulation to Microwave High Power Amplifier”, IEEE Microwave Mag., Vol. 1, June 2000, pp. 58-66.
- [29] Statz, H., et al., “GaAs FET Device and Circuits Simulation in SPICE”, IEEE Trans. Electron Dev., ED-34, Feb. 1987, pp.160-169.
- [30] Trew, R. J., “MESFET Models for Microwave CAD Applications”, Int. J. Microwave Millimeter-Wave Computer Aided Eng., Vol. 1, Apr. 1991, pp.143-158.