

本土性聚 γ -胺酸生產菌株之篩選及其絮凝性質之研究

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摘要

本研究由土壤中分離出數株可生產聚 γ -胺酸(poly- γ -glutamic acid; PGA)之菌株。利用篩選分離出生產- PGA最佳之菌株B進行研究其生產生物高分子聚合物PGA之能力及其作為絮凝劑之絮凝活性。結果顯示，利用所分離出之B菌株生產- PGA時，培養基當中需添加可溶性澱粉和TSB作為基質。此外，並利用各種方法，例如：TLC、GPC、HPLC、FT-IR和NMR來分析所生成之產物- PGA。在實驗中，同時也對所分離出之B菌株所生產出- PGA之絮凝性進行探討。實驗中發現，在高嶺土懸浮液中添加 Al^{3+} 、 Fe^{2+} 和 Ca^{2+} 可提高- PGA之絮凝活性。而在中性pH範圍之高嶺土懸浮液中藉由添加 Al^{3+} 和 Fe^{2+} 離子可提高- PGA之絮凝活性。而石化和紡織工業之活性污泥亦可利用- PGA來達到絮凝之效果。而當pH值調整至中性範圍下，利用- PGA並於活性污泥懸浮液中添加 Fe^{2+} 離子，可去除懸浮態固形物。由不同懸浮液中之絮凝性質來看，應可利用- PGA來作為一新的生物可分解性且無害之生物高分子絮凝劑。 關鍵字：聚 γ -胺酸，絮凝劑，絮凝活性，生物高分子

關鍵詞：聚 γ -胺酸，絮凝劑，絮凝活性，生物高分子

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