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摘要

中文摘要 甜瓜 (Cucumis melo L.)，屬於葫蘆科 (Cucurbitaceae) 蔓性一年生草本作物，原產地起源於亞洲近中東地區。台灣熱帶及亞熱帶的氣候下非常適合種植，由於全年盛行種植的結果，病蟲害的發生率也相對提高，其中微生物引起的病害中80 % 以上是經由真菌所引起，一般藉由噴灑大量的農藥或抑菌劑來克服此病害，因考慮到農藥對環境的危害及殘留的疑慮，希望能藉由遺傳工程的方式，將抗真菌蛋白基因導入植物體內，期望可達到防治效果。抗真菌蛋白基因Bo-AFP3-HB-GFP與Cp-APP3-HB-GFP，由中央研究院 蕭介夫博士提供，經胺基酸序列比對，發現其結構類似於植物防禦素(plant defensins)中的APP3，屬於cysteine-rich protein，包括4個雙硫鍵，由青花菜及木瓜中篩選出，故命名為Bo-APP3-HB-GFP及Cp-APP3-HB-GFP，比較推演出來的胺基酸序列，發現兩者具有95.92 %的相似性。本研究主要將Bo-APP3-HB-GFP及Cp-APP3-HB-GFP基因以農桿菌轉殖的方式，將此抗真菌蛋白基因送入植物體內，並進行相關的抗菌分析，期望抗真菌蛋白基因在甜瓜中大量表現，減低真菌所帶來的危害，目前已構築出23株來自Bo-APP3-HB-GFP的轉基因甜瓜及6株來自Cp-APP3-HB-GFP的轉基因甜瓜，經由聚合酵素鏈鎖反應、南方點漬法及反轉錄聚合酵素鏈鎖反應證明抗真菌蛋白基因確實併入甜瓜染色體中。關鍵字：甜瓜；抗真菌蛋白；農桿菌；基因轉殖

關鍵詞：甜瓜；抗真菌蛋白；農桿菌；基因轉殖

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