

Optimization of Lipase-Catalyzed L-Ascorbyl Laurate by Response Surface Methodology

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ABSTRACT

The oxidation of ascorbyl esters are widely used in food industry, cosmetics and medical hygiene. Because L-ascorbic acid is hydrophilic antioxidant, it is not easy to preserve. This work utilized solvent engineering, used lipases Novoyme[®]435 in direct esterification to study on solvent polarity influence productive in ascorbyl laurate, utilized n-Hexane, 2-methyl-2-butanol (2M2B) and acetonitrile were used as solvent composite blends, and each solvent composite was form 0-3 mL. Mixture Response Surface Methodology and Triangular contour plots were used to observe solvent polarity influence products in lipase-catalyzed ascorbyl laurate. Response surface methodology (RSM) and five-level-four-factor central composite rotatable design (CCRD) were adopted to evaluate the effects of synthesis variables, such as reaction time (2-10 hr), temperature (25-65 °C), substrate molar ratio (alcohol:fatty acid = 1:1-1:5), and enzyme amount (5-25 mg), on percentage molar conversion of ascorbyl laurate. The results showed, ascorbyl laurate was at nearly polar organic solvent reaction system (2M2B and acetonitrile), conversion reached to 50.00%. At non-polar organic solvent reaction system (n-hexane), conversion only reached to 30.00%. When solvent was acetonitrile, conversion reached to 86.50% of ascorbyl laurate. The optimum conditions of ascorbyl laurate synthesis was: reaction time 8hr, temperature 40 °C, substrate molar ratio 1.0:4.5 (alcohol:fatty acid), enzyme amount 20 mg, and the highest yield was 78.44%.

Keywords : Solvent engineering ; Ascorbyl esters ; Mixture design ; Response Surface Methodolog

Table of Contents

目錄	頁次
封面內頁	簽名頁
授權書	.. iii
中文摘要	iv
英文摘要	v
誌謝	vii
目錄	viii
圖目錄	xi
表目錄	xii
第一章 緒論	1
第二章 文獻回顧	4
2.1 抗壞血酸 (L-ascorbic acid)	4
2.2 抗壞血酸酯類 (ascorbyl esters)	5
2.2.1 抗壞血酸酯類之合成與趨勢	6
2.3 脂解酵素	7
2.3.1 酵素催化反應之優點	10
2.3.2 酵素於有機溶劑之催化作用	11
2.3.3 反應曲面法應用於脂解酵素合成探討	16
2.4 抗壞血酸酯類合成之國內外相關研究	17
第三章 以混合曲面法探討溶劑極性對酵素催化抗壞血酸月桂酸酯之影響	21
3.1 材料與方法	21
3.1.1 藥品	21
3.1.2 器材	21
3.1.3 儀器設備	22
3.2 實驗設計	22
3.2.1 合成方式	22
3.2.2 測酵素含水量	23
3.2.3 萃取與分析	23
3.2.4 統計分析	23
3.3 結果與討論	24
第四章 以反應曲面法探討脂解酵素催化抗壞血酸月桂酸酯之最優化	28
4.1 材料與方法	28
4.1.1 藥品	28
4.1.2 器材	28
4.1.3 儀器設備	28
4.2 實驗設計	28
4.2.1 合成方式	28
4.2.2 測酵素水含量	29
4.2.3 萃取與分析	29
4.2.4 數據分析	29
4.2.5 實驗過程所遭遇之問題和解決方法	30
4.3 結果與討論	30
4.3.1 反應時間對莫耳轉換率的影響	31
4.3.2 酵素用量對莫耳轉換率的影響	31
4.3.3 溫度對莫耳轉換率的影響	32
4.3.4 基質莫耳數比對莫耳轉換率的影響	32
第五章 結論	43
參考文獻	44
附錄一 HPLC操作方法	51
附錄二 Karl Fischer 操作方法	52
附錄三 相關研究整理表格	54
圖目錄	
圖 1-1 以脂解酵素Novozyne [®] 435催化抗壞血酸和棕櫚酸之酯化反應	3
圖 2-1 三甘油酯以sn-命名的代表分子	9
圖 2-2 酵素活性與log P值之關係	15
圖 3-1 抗壞血酸月桂酸酯液相層析儀之標準圖譜	26
圖 3-2 以三角輪廓圖表示溶劑組成對合成抗壞血酸月桂酸酯之影響	27
圖 4-1 反應時間對抗壞血酸月桂酸酯合成產率之影響，反應條件分別為：基質莫耳數比1：2、酵素用量9 mg和反應溫度45 °C	34
圖 4-2 酵素用量對抗壞血酸月桂酸酯合成產率之影響，反應條件分別為：基質莫耳數比1：2、反應時間8 hr和反應溫度 45 °C	35
圖 4-3 反應溫度對抗壞血酸月桂酸酯合成產率之影響，反應條件分別為：基質莫耳數比1：2、酵素用量9 mg和反應時間 8 hr	36
圖 4-4 在20 mg之酵素用量下，抗壞血酸月桂酸酯百分比莫耳轉換率之等高線圖	37
圖 4-5 基質莫耳數比對抗壞血酸月桂酸酯莫耳轉換率影響之反應曲面圖和等高線圖	38
表目錄	
表 2-1 常用有機溶劑之log P值	14
表 3-1 利用混合實驗設計模擬7組不同比例的n-Hexane、2-Methyl-2-butanol、Acetonitrile催化合成抗壞血酸月桂酸酯	25
表 4-1 五階層四變數中心混層實驗設計反應參數實際值之範圍	39
表 4-2 抗壞血酸月桂酸酯之五階層四變數部分因子實驗設計	40
表 4-3 抗壞血酸月桂酸酯合成變數之聯合檢測分析	41
表 4-4 利用脊行分析評估合成抗壞血酸月桂酸酯莫耳轉換率之最大值	42

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