

微流體水力聚焦現象之探討

吳俊瑤、楊安石

E-mail: 9314552@mail.dyu.edu.tw

摘要

本論文旨流體在微流道中之聚焦現象及傳輸機制，微流體水力聚焦之研究，成功地運用雙流體理論模型，來探討微取樣管道中兩種微流體在不同流束下所引致之水力聚焦現象，以模擬當邊鞘流體與樣品流體分別於一系列流速範圍下所形成的流體聚焦寬度及長度，模擬的流體物質均設定為水，因此在邊鞘流體及取樣流體部分的密度及黏滯係數等物理特性都與水相同。在流速方面，取樣流體入口流速固定在0.02mm/s，而邊鞘流體流相對於取樣流體流速的流速比為5.0至70倍。研究中首先詳細地介紹雙流體理論基本原理，並對數學模型進行推導；之後利用數值模擬方法，分析雙流體模型並與實驗量測做驗證比對。經由計算結果得知，聚焦寬度及長度與實驗量測值，兩者顯示均呈現合理一致。另外也將針對幾項在聚焦現象中重要設計參數(內噴嘴位置擺設、直徑大小)做進一步的深入探討。

關鍵詞：雙流體模型，水力聚焦，微取樣管，細胞晶片，細胞計數器，微機電系統，微流道

目錄

目錄 封面內頁 簽名頁 授權書.....	iii 中文摘要.....
.....v 英文摘要.....	.vi 誌謝.....
.....vii 目錄.....	viii 圖目錄.....
.....x 表目錄.....	xii 符號說明.....
明.....	xiii 第一章 緒論.....
....1 1.1 研究動機.....	1 1.2 文獻回顧..... 2 1.3
研究目的.....	5 第二章 理論方法..... 7 2.1
理論分析.....	7 2.2 數值方法..... 10 第三章 結果
與討論.....	12 3.1 取樣管之設計、網格及邊界條件之設定..... 13 3.2 理論模型
驗證.....	15 3.3 模擬分析分析..... 16 第四章 結論.....
.....22 參考文獻.....	24 圖目錄 圖 1.....
：傳統細胞計數器裝置示意圖.....	29 圖 2(a)：微型流體細胞計數器結構示意圖..... 30
圖 2(b)：結合完整後之微型計數器.....	30 圖 3：1 × N連續式進樣晶片.....
...31 圖 4：M × N連續式進樣晶片.....	31 圖 5：SIMPLEC演算法流程圖.....
.....32 圖 6：微取樣管參數設計圖.....	32 圖 7：微取樣管幾何尺寸及網格分佈圖.....
.....32 圖 8：微取樣管實體圖.....	33 圖 9：不同格點配置下聚焦寬度比較圖.....
.....34 圖10：微流體水力聚焦之寬度圖.....	35 圖11：微流體水力聚焦之長度圖.....
.....36 圖12：微流道水力聚焦現象速度向量圖.....	37 圖13：相對取樣流入口與出口
間壓力降圖.....	38 圖14(a)：沿中心線(A-A1)之軸向速度變化圖..... 39 圖14(b)：沿橫向線(A-A1)
之壓力變化圖.....	40 圖15(a)：沿中心線(B-B1)之軸向速度變化圖..... 41 圖15(b)：沿中心
線(B-B1)之軸向壓力變化圖.....	42 圖16：取樣流 s = 0.5等位線之暫態時變圖..... 43 圖17：不
同流速比之水力聚焦時間圖.....	44 圖18(a)：不同設計與操作參數之幾何型構..... 45
圖18(b)：內部不同噴嘴擺設位置圖.....	45 圖19：內部噴嘴直徑大小比較圖.....
.....46 圖20(a)：內部直線噴嘴幾何型構.....	47 圖20(b)：內部曲線噴嘴與直線噴嘴比較圖.....
.....47 圖21：外部噴嘴之不同幾何長度比較圖.....	48 圖22：取樣流染劑與血液之聚焦寬度比較...
.....49 圖23(a)：三維立體圖.....	50 圖23(b)：三視圖.....
.....50 圖24：三維取樣流 s = 0.5等位線之暫態時變圖.....	51 表目錄 表1：水與血液物理
特性列表.....	52 表2：網格點分佈配置..... 52

參考文獻

- [1]. Bao, M., and Wang, W., "Future of microelectromechanical -system(MEMS)," Sensor and Actuators A56, pp. 135-141, 1996.
[2]. Howe , R. T., and Muller, R. S. " Resonant-Microbridge Vapor -Sensor," IEEE Trans. ED, 33, pp. 499-506, 1986.

- [3]. Petersen, K. E. " Silicon as a Mechanical Material, " Proc. IEEE, -pp. 420-457, 1982.
- [4]. Middelhoek, S. ed., Digest Int. Conf. On Solid-State Sensors and -Actuators, Special Issues of Sensors and Actuators, Vol. A21-23, -B1, Elsevier, 1990.
- [5]. Muller, R. S., Howe, R. T., Senturia, S. D., Smith, R. L., and -White, R. M., " Microsensors " New York: IEEE Press, 1991.
- [6]. Crosland-Taylor, P. J., " A device for counting small particles -suspended in a fluid through a tube, " Nature 171, pp. 37-38,1953.
- [7]. Coulter, W. H., " High speed automatic blood cell and cell size -analyzer, " Proc. Natl. E1. Conf.12, pp.1034-1040, 1956.
- [8]. Seiler, K., Harrison, D. J., and Manz, A. Planar Chips -Technology for Miniaturization and Integration of Separation -Techniques into Monitoring Systems, J. Chromato., 593, pp.253-258, 1992.
- [9]. Mandy, F. F., Bergeron, M., and Minkus, T., " Principles of Flow -Cytometry, " Transfus. Sci. Vol. 16, No. 4, pp. 303-314, 1995.
- [10]. Judson, P. L., MD, Le, V. L., " Flow Cytometry, " Elsevier -Science Inc. Vol. 4 No. 3, pp. 87-91, 1997.
- [11]. Orden, A.V., Keller, R. A., and Ambrose, W. P., " High- -Throughput Flow Cytometric DNA Fragment Sizing, " Analytical -Chemistry, Vol. 72, No. 1, pp. 37-41, 2000.
- [12]. Lee, G. B., Hung, C. I., Ke, B. J., Huang, G. R., and Hwei, B. H., -and Lai, H. F., " Hydrodynamic Focusing for a Micromachined -Flow Cytometer, " Transactions of the ASME, Vol. 123, pp.672-679, 2001.
- [13]. Lee, G. B., Huang, G. R., Hwei, B. H., Lin, Y. H., Wu, W. Y., -Lai, H. F., Hung, C. I. and Ke, B. J., " Development of High- -Throughput Microfluid Chips with Continuous Sample -Introduction Separation Functions, " International -Symposium on smart Structures and Microsystems (IS3M), 2000.
- [14]. Lee, G. B., Hung, C. I., Ke, B.J., Huang, G. R., Hwei, B. H., - " Micromachined Pre-Focused $1 \times N$ Flow Switches for continuous -sample injection, " Journal of Micromechanics and -Microengineering, 2001.
- [15]. Lee, G. B., Hwei, B.H., and Huang, G. R., " Micromachined prefocused - $M \times N$ flow switchches for continuous multi-sample -injection, " Journal of Micromechanics and Microengineering,2001.
- [16]. Schrum, D. P., Culbertson, Jacobson, C. T., S.C. and J. M. -Ramsey, " Microchip Flow Cytometry Using Electrokinetic -Focusing, " Analytical Chemistry, Vol. 71, No. 19, pp. 4173-4177,1999.
- [17]. Steen, H. B., " Flow cytometry of bacteria: glimpses from the -past with a view to the future, " Journal of Microbiological -Methods Vol. 42, pp. 65-74, 2000.
- [18]. Wright, J. F., ph.D, Lazarus, A. H., ph.D, and MD, J. F., - " Applications of Flow Cytometry in the Analysis of Blood -Leukocytes " Transfus. Sci. Vol. 16, No. 4, pp. 333-341, 1995.
- [19]. Drew, D. A. and Lahey, R. T., " Phase distribution mechanisms -in two-phase flow in a circular pipe, " J. Fluid Mechanics, Vol. -117, pp. 91-106, 1982.
- [20]. Park, J. -W., Drew, D. A., and Lahey, R. T., " The Analysis of -Void Wave Propagation in Adiabatic Monodispersed Bubbly -Two-phase Flows Using an Ensemble-averaged Two-fluid -Model, " International Journal of Multiphase Flow, Vol. 24, pp1205-1244, 1998.
- [21]. Lahey, R.T. and Drew, D. A., " The Analysis of Two-Phase Flow -and Heat Transfer Using a Multidimensional, Four Field, Twofluid -Model, " Nuclear Engineering and Design, Vol. 204, pp.29-44, 2001.
- [22]. Kuo, T. C., Yang, A. S., and Chieng, C. C., ' ' Bubble Size and -System Pressure Effects on Phase Distribution for Two Phase -Turbulent Bubbly Flows, ' ' Journal of Mechanical Engineering -Science, Vol. 215, pp. 121-132, 2001.
- [23]. Ishii, M., Thermal-Fluid Dynamics of Two-Phase Flow, Eyrolles,Paris, 1975.
- [24]. Ishii, M. and Mishima, K., " Two-fluid Model Hydrodynamic -Constitutive Relation, " Nuclear Engineering and Design, Vol. 82, -pp. 107-126, 1984.
- [25]. Ishii, M. and Zuber, N., " Drag Coefficient and Relative Velocity -in Bubbly, Droplet or Particulate Flows, " AIChE Journal, Vol. -25, pp. 843-855, 1979.
- [26]. Lahey, R.T., " The Analysis of Phase Separation and Phase -Distribution Phenomena Using Two-fluid models, " Nuclear -Engineering and Design, Vol. 122, pp. 17-40, 1990.
- [27]. Van Doormaal, J. P. and Raithby, G. D., " Enhancements of the -SIMPLE Method for Predicting Incompressible Fluid Flows, " -Numerical Heat Transfer, Vol. 7, pp. 147-163, 1984.
- [28]. Jang, D. S., Jetli, R., and Acharya, S., " Comparison of the PISO, -SIMPLER, and SIMPLEC Algorithms for the Treatment of the -Pressure-Velocity Coupling in Steady Flow Problems, " -Numerical Heat Transfer, Vol. 10, pp. 209-228, 1986.
- [29]. Miyake, R., Ohki, H., Yamazaki, I., and Yabe, R., " A -Development of Micro Sheath Flow Chamber., " Proc. 4th IEEE -MEMS, pp. 265-270, 1991.
- [30]. Ting, T. W., Ta, H., and Tao, Y., " Computation Fluid in the -Research of Blood Flow., " The 8 th National CFD Conference,2001.