The Life-time Study of Gas Ratio and Pressure Relationship for Sealed-off CO2 Laser Tube

王力恆、林漢年

E-mail: 9223472@mail.dyu.edu.tw

ABSTRACT

CO2 laser surgical techniques can be applied to surgery , obstetrics, dermatology, dentistry, plastic surgery, ENT, and cosmetically related surgeries, etc. The body tissues can be examined without physical contact during a laser surgery, therefore, incidental infections can be avoided. Meanwhile, laser surgery offers patients the best quality medical treatment with its precise, hygienic, swift cutting and, immediate blood clotting, as well as provides a strong ability of gasifying human tissues. If we can optimize the most favorable gas ratio inside the CO2 laser tube and utilize this proportionality to extend the lifespan of such device, we can hence to keep the purchasing and the maintenance cost down to an acceptable range for any doctors or physicians. This study uses a variety of experiments to analyze the relationship between the lifetime of the sealed-off CO2 laser tubes, the gas components ratio, and pressure inside the tube. Using the fact that helium gas atoms will decrease in number in the mixed gas inside the laser tube due to their susceptibility to infiltration, three different ratios of mixed gases were investigated respectively in the CO2 laser tube. With a controlled period of obseration time, we compared the related gas ratio which would provide the required efficiency, as well as the longest lifespan. Furthermore, three different pressures were also studied accordingly for the previously determined mixed gas ratio to obtain the most optimal pressure with respect to the gas ratio and thus achieve the goal of prolonging the lifespan of CO2 laser tubes.

Keywords: co2 laser; sealed-off laser tube; laser tube gas ratio

Table of Contents

封面內頁 簽名頁 授權書		iii 中文摘要
iv 英文摘要		iii 中文摘要 v 誌謝
vi 目錄		vii 圖目錄
x	第一章 二氧化碳雷射(CO2 LASER)的	勺發展與運用 1.1 光譜與雷射的關係
1 1.2 光譜與雷射	的關係	3 1.3 雷射波長與吸收曲線的關係
4 1.4 其他雷射在醫療上的)運用5 1.5 霍	引波長與治療目標物的關係
7 1.6 各種雷的介紹	12 1.7 快速脈衝:	式開關的介紹19
1.8 二氧化碳雷射運用於醫療上的優點	21 第二章 醫療用二氧化	化碳雷射 (CO2 LASER) 的種類 2.1 外接二氧
化碳混合氣體鋼瓶式雷射	22 2.2 密閉式二氧化碳混合氣體雷射	付23 2.3 密閉式雷射管的
種類25 2.	4 橫流式雷射管	25 2.5 軸流式雷射管
	,	a結構 3.1 二氧化碳雷射的光學元件介紹
31 3.2 雷射輸出手握把的2	介紹35 3.3	二氧化碳雷射的冷卻元件介紹
38 3.4 二氧化碳雷射的高壓元件。	介紹39 3.5 二氧化	公碳雷射的控制元件介紹
		態44 第
四章:二氧化碳雷射 (CO2 LASER) 的理	論分析 4.1 雷射管氣體比例	46 4.2 雷射管徑長度
		47 4.4 雷射共振腔的調整
		48 第五章 實務分析 5.1 氣體的充填
	51 5.2 雷射管壽命的實驗	53 5.3 驗證結果
		56 第六章 雷射安全須知 6.1雷射
		60 6.3 保護眼睛的方
法626	.4 護目鏡的樣式及規格介紹	63 第七章 實驗過程與結果 7.1三
種氣體比例的實驗結果	65 7.2 填充壓力的實驗	66 7.3 結論
G7 ♠	マン 中	60

REFERENCES

1.SHARPLAN COMPACT CO2 LASER SERVICE MANUAL,以色列原廠雷射維修手冊,1996 年. 2.SHARPLAN 733A CO2 LASER

SERVICE MANUAL,以色列原廠雷射維修手冊,1990 年. 3.雷射原理與量測概論,楊國輝,黃宏彥編著,五南圖書出版有限公司,2001 年. 4.光電工程,丁勝懋編著,中國電機工程學會,1999 年. 5.光電及雷射概論,廖偉民編著,亞東書局,1987 年. 6.Fundamentals of Photonics,BAHAA E.A.SALEH,MALVIN CARL TEICH. 7.高電壓工程,顏世雄編著,新學識文教出版中心,1989年. 8.工業安全,工業安全編輯委員會編著,先鋒企管出版,1898年. 9.FIBER-PTIC COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY,DJAFAR K.MYNBAEV,LOWELL L.SCHEINER. 10.LASER ELECTRONICS,JOSEPH T.VERDEYEN,PRENTICE-HALL,INC.