

A Study on Designing Key Recovery and Escrow Schemes in Electronic Commerce Environments

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ABSTRACT

It is essential to have secure transactions in an electronic commerce environment. To ensure the security of electronic transactions, a good cryptosystem is required for providing a solution. In the cryptosystems, the security depends on the key management. Therefore, the key management is a very important issue to the cryptosystems. This thesis is to research on the key recovery mechanism (KRM) and key escrow mechanism (KEM) of the cryptosystems. In general, the operations of KRM and KEM are based on complicated key computations and message transmissions. The KRM and KEM proposed in this thesis integrate the elliptic curve cryptosystem (ECC) into the self-certified public key cryptosystem (SCPKC). In the ECC, the length of key is shorter and the calculation of key is faster than other public key cryptosystems like RSA, etc. In the SCPKC, the public key can be validated efficiently and the user can be identified without the assistance of system authority (SA). In the thesis, we also develop the escrow electronic cash system by combining the electronic cash system with the key recovery and escrow schemes. The escrow electronic cash system developed can avoid network crimes (e.g. blackmailing and money laundering) arising from the anonymity of electronic cash, and can find criminals immediately when necessary.

Keywords : Key Words : Elliptic curve cryptosystem, Self-certified public key cryptosystem, Key recovery mechanism, Key escrow mechanism, Electronic cash system, Escrow electronic cash system

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