N EFFICIENT METHOD TO DESIGN THE OPTICAL COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS WITH CHIRPED NRZ SIGNAL

楊文清、溫盛發,韓斌

E-mail: 9124937@mail.dyu.edu.tw

ABSTRACT

IN OPTICAL COMMUNICATION SYSTEM, NON-RETURN-TO-ZERO (NRZ) SIGNAL PULSE CAN BE CHIRPED SO THAT SIGNAL SPECTRUM IS BROADENED AND PULSE WIDTH IS SERIOUSLY BROADENED DURING TRANSMISS -ION. THESE EFFECTS CAN REDUCE THE IMPACT OF FIBER NONLINEARITIES AND BETTER SIGNAL QUALIT -Y CAN BE OBTAINED AFTER SIGNAL IS RECOVERED WITH DISPERSION COMPENSATION AT RECEIVER.SUCH A CARRIER IS CALLED THE CHIRPED NRZ (CNRZ) SIGNAL PULSE. THIS THESIS NUMERICALLY STUDIES T -HE APPLICATION OF CNRZ SIGNAL PULSE ON WAVELENGTH-DIVISION-MULTIPLEXING OPTICAL COMMUNIC -ATION SYSTEM. NRZ SIGNAL WITH COSINE PHASE MODULATION IS USED. TWO PHASE MODULATION FREQUE -NCIES ARE CONSIDERED. ONE IS THE SAME AS SIGNAL BIT RATE AND THE OTHER IS HALF THE SIGNAL BIT RATE. RESULTS SHOW THAT THE BIT ERROR RATE OF THE CASE WITH PHASE MODULATION FREQUENCY THE SAME AS SIGNAL BIT RATE IS SLIGHTLY BETTER THE CASE WITH HALF SIGNAL BIT RATE. HOWEVER, MORE IMPORTANTLY, THE RECOVERED SIGNAL AT RECEIVER BECOMES RZ SIGNAL FORMAT WITH PROPER DISPERSION COMPENSATION FOR THE CASE WITH PHASE MODULATION FREQUENCY THE SAME AS SIGNAL BI -T RATE. THE CASE WITH HALF SIGNAL.BIT RATE DOES NOT HAVE THIS PROPERTY.LINE CODING IS REQ -UIRED WITH NRZ SIGNAL FORMAT SO THAT SIGNAL CLOCK CAN BE RECOVERED AT RECEIVER. THE DRAWBA -CK OF LINE CODING IS SACRIFICING EFFECTIVE SIGNAL BIT RATE. THE PHENOMENA OF CONVERTING NR -Z FORMAT INTO RZ FORMAT STANDS FOR LINE CODING IS NOT REQUIRED AND SIGNAL BIT RATE CAN BE FULLY UTILIZED. THEREFORE SYSTEM DESIGN PREFER THE CASE WITH PHASE MODULATION FREQUENCY THE SAME AS SIGNAL BIT RATE TO THE CASE WITH PHASE MODULATION FREQUENCY THE SAME AS HALF SIGNA -L BIT RATE.

Keywords : CNRZ

Table of Contents

第一章 緒 論--P1 第二章 理論模型與背景--P4 2-1光纖傳輸波動方程式--P4 2-2光纖色散--P6 2-3光纖非線性效應--P7 2-3-1自 相位調變--P8 2-3-2交互相位調變--P9 2-3-3四波混合--P10 2-4 CNRZ信號產生方法--P11 第三章 傳輸系統架構--P13 3-1系統 參數--P13 3-2 信號傳輸品質評估--P14 第四章 CNRZ信號脈衝傳輸特性--P16 第五章 CNRZ信號傳輸品質--P19 第六章 結 論--P21 參考文獻--P23 圖表--P27

REFERENCES

[1]P.C.BECKER,N.A.OLSSON,ANDJ.R.SIMPSON,ERBIUM-DOPED FIBER AMPLIFIERS:FUNDAMENTALS AND TECHNOLOGY, (ACADEMIC, BOSTON, MASS.), 1999.

[2]R.J.NUYTS, Y.K.PARK, AND P.GALLION, "DISPERSION EQUALIZATION OF A 10GB/S REPEATERED TRANSMISSION SYSTEM USING DISPERSION COMPENSATION FIBERS," IEEE J. LIGHTWAVE TECHNOL., VOL.15, P.31, 1997.

[3]M.ONISHI,Y.KOYANO,M.SHIGEMATSU,H.KANAMORI,AND M.NISHIMURA,"DISPERSION COMPENSATING FIB -RE WITH A HIGH FIGURE OF MERIT OF 250PS/NM/DB,"ELECTRON.LETT.,VOL.30,P.161,1994.

[4]F.OUELLETE, "DISPERSION CANCELLATION USING LINEARLY CHIRPED BRAGG GRATING FILTERS IN OP -TICAL WAVEGUIDES, "OPT.LETT., VOL.5.P.847, 1987.

[5]K.O.HILL,F.BILODEAU,B.MALO,T.KITAGAWA,S.THERIAULT,D.C.JOHNSON,J.ALBERT,AND K.TAKIGUCHI, "CHIRPED IN-FIBER BRAGG GRATINGS FOR COMPENSATION OF OPTICAL-FIBER DISPERATION, "OPT. LETT., VOL. 19, P. 1314, 1994. [6]G.P.AGRAWAL,NONLINEAR FIBER OPTICS,2ND ED.(ACADEMIC,BOSTON,MASS.),1995.

[7]A.R.CHRAPLYVY,"LIMITATIONS ON LIGHTWAVE COMMUNICATIONS IMPOSED BY OPTICAL-FIBER NONL -INEARITIES,"IEEE.J.LIGHTWAVE TECHNOL,VOL.8.,P.1548,1990. [8]A.CHRAPLYVY," SYSTEMS IMPACT OF FIBER NONLINEARITIES," SHORT COURSE NOTES OF OFC'94, FEB. 21, 1994.
[9]O.AUDOUIN AND J.-P.HAMAIDE,"ENHANCEMENT OF AMPLIFIER SPACING IN LONG-HAUL OPTICAL LINK -S THROUGH THE USE OF LARGE-EFFECTIVE-AREA TRANSMISSION FIBER,"IEEE PHOTON.TECHNOL.LETT ,VOL. 7, P. 1363, 1995.
[10]S.BIGO AND A.BERTAINA,"WDM TRANSMISSION EXPERIMENTS AT 32X10 GB/S OVER NONZERO DISPERS -ION SHIFTED FIBER AND STANDARD FIBER,"IEEE PHOTON.TECHNOL.LETT.,VOL.11,P.1316,1999.

[11]A.H.GNAUCK,J.M.WIESENFELD,L.D.GARRETT,M.EISELT,F.FORGHIERI,L.ARCANGELI,B.AGOGLIATA, V. GUSMEROLI,AND D.SCARANO,"16X20-GB/S,400-KM WDM TRANSMISSION OVER NZDSF USING A SLOPE- COMPENSATING FIBER-GRATING MODULE,"IEEE PHOTON.TECHNOL.LETT.,VOL.12,P.437, 2000.

[12]A.N.PILIPETSKII,V.J.MAZURCZYK,AND C.J.CHEN,"THE EFFECT OF DISPERSION COMPENSATION ON S -YSTEM
PERFORMANCE WHEN NONLINEARITIES ARE IMPORTANT,"IEEE PHOTON.TECHNOL.LETT.,VOL.11,P284, 1999.
[13]C.CASPAR,H.-M.FOISEL,A.GLADISCH,N.HANIK,F.KUPPERS,R.LUDWIG,A.MATTHEUS,W.PIEPER,B.STREB -EL,AND
H.G.WEBER,"RZ VERSUS NRZ MODULATION FORMAT FOR DISPERSION COMPENSATED SMF BASE -D 10GB/S
TRANSMISSION WITH MORE THAN 100-KM AMPLIFIER SPACING,"IEEE PHOTON.TECHNOL. LETT., VOL. 11, P. 481, 1999.
[14]M.I.HAYEE AND A.E.WILLNER,"NRZ VERSUS RZ IN 10-40-GB/S DISPERSION-MANAGED WDM TRANSMIS -SION
SYSTEMS,"IEEE PHOTON.TECHNOL. LETT., VOL.11, P.991, 999.

[15]F.LIU,X.ZHENG,C.PEUCHERET,S.N.KNUDSEN,R.J.S. PEDERSEN AND P.JEPPESEN, "CHIRPED RETURN -TO-ZERO SOURCE USED IN 8X10GBIT/S TRANSMISSION OVER 2000KM OF STANDARD FIBER,"ELECTR -ON. LETT., VOL. 36, P. 1399, 2000.
[16]R.M MU, C. R. MENYUK, "SYMMETRIC SLOPE COMPENSATION IN A LONG-HAUL WDM SYSTEM USING THE CRZ FORMAT," IEEE PHOTON. TECHNOL. LETT., VOL. 13, P. 797, 2001.

[17]R.M MU, T. YU, V.S.GRIGORYAN, AND C.R.MENYUK," DYNAMICS OF THE CHIRPED RETURN-TO-ZERO MODULATION FORMAT," J. LIGHTWAVE TECHNOL., VOL. 20, P. 47, 2002.

[18]A.HODZIC, B. KONRAD, AND K.PETERMANN, "PRECHIRP IN NRZ-BASED 40-GB/S SINGLE-CHANNEL AND WDM TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS," IEEE PHOTON. TECHNOL. LETT., VOL. 14, P. 152, 2002.

[19]C.J.ANDERSON AND J.A.LYLE, "TECHNIQUE FOR EVALUATING SYSTEM PERFORMANCE USING Q FACTOR IN NUMERICAL SIMULATIONS EXHIBITING INTERSYMBOL INTERFERENCE, "ELECTRON. LETT., VOL.30, P. 71, 1994.
[20]M.M.-K. LIU, PRINCIPLES AND APPLICATIONS OF OPTICAL COMMUNICATIONS, CHAP16, (IRWIN, BOST -ON, MASS.), 1996.
[21]T.YU, R.-M MU, V.S.GRIGORYAN, AND C. R. MENYUK, "A MEAN FIELD APPROACH TO WDM SIMULATION ,"IEEE PHOTON. TECHNOL. LETT., VOL. 12, P. 443, 2000.