PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS FOR MULTI-RATE TRANSMISSION IN W-CDMA

陳俊男、李金椿

E-mail: 9113197@mail.dyu.edu.tw

ABSTRACT

THE COMMUNICATION PERFORMANCE OF THE MULTI-RATE TRANSMISSION SERVICE ON THE UP-LINK OF THIRD GENERATION OF MOBILE RADIO SYSTEM, NAMELY THE WIDE-BAND CDMA(W-CDMA) SYSTEM IS EVALUATED, WHERE THE PATH LOSS AND SHADOWING EFFECT IN THE MOBILE RADIO CHANNEL ARE CONSIDERED IN THIS THESIS. FIRST OF ALL, WE ANALYSIS THE INTRA- AND INTER-CELLULAR INTERFERENCE ACCORDING TO THE ALL THE POSSIBLE DATA RATES AND THEIR ASSOCIATE SPREADING FACTORS, FOR PERFECT POWER CONTROL, THE CAPACITY OF THE W-CDMA SYSTEMS IS DEVELOPED IN TERMS OF NUMBERS OF USER AND OUTAGE PROBABILITY. SECONDLY, ACCORDING TO A SPECIFIC COMMUNICATION QUALITY AND OUTAGE PROBABILITY, THE CAPACITY IS CALCULATED FOR THE SEVENTH DIFFERENT DATA RATE AND THEIR ASSOCIATE SERVICE ACTIVITY FACTORS (SAFS) WE FOUND THAT, THE VARIATION OF TELE-TRAFFIC IN THE SURROUNDING CELLS HAD SIGNIFICANT EFFECT ON THE CAPACITY OF THE LOW DATA RATE SERVICES. IT ALSO REVEALED THAT THE NUMBER OF USERS ACCOMMODATED IN A CELL DECREASED AS THE DATA INCREASED. FOR THE ZERO TO THE SIXTH DATA RATE HAVING A SAFS OF 0.38,0.2,0.2,0.1,0.1,0.05,0.05 RESPECTIVELY THE CAPACITY IS 147,152,66,58,20,15,4 USERS PER CELL. FINALLY, THE EFFECT OF THE IMPERFECT POWER CONTROL, DEDICATED PHYSICAL CONTROL CHANNEL (DPCCH) AND THE MULTIPLE PARALLEL DATA TRANSMISSION, A UNIQUE FEATURE IN W-CDMA ARE ANALYZED. IN IMPERFECT POWER CONTROL, WE FOUND THAT THE CAPACITY DECREASED AS THE STANDARD DEVIATION OF POWER CONTROL ERROR INCREASED, WHERE THE CAPACITY DEGRADATION BECAME NOT SIGNIFICANT AS THE DATA RATE INCREASED. WHEN DPCCH IS CONSIDER, THE NUMBER OF USERS BECAUSE 79,94,50,50,20,10,4 FROM THE FIRST TO THE SIXTH DATA RATE AND FOR SAFS OF 0.38, 0.2, 0.2, 0.1, 0.1, 0.05, 0.05 RESPECTIVELY.

Keywords : W-CDMA ; multi-rate ; third generation of mobile radio system ; Dedicated physical data channel (DPDCH) ; Dedicated physical control channel (DPCCH) ; CDMA

Table of Contents

第一章 緒論--P1 第二章 無線通訊概述--P4 2.1 蜂巢網行動通訊系統概述--P4 2.2 蜂巢網組織與架構--P7 2.3 行動無線通 訊--P8 2.3.1 路徑損失--P9 2.3.2 遮蔽效應--P10 2.3.3 多重路徑衰變--P11 2.3.4 窄頻通道模型--P13 2.3.5 寬頻通道模型--P15 2.4 第一代到第三代行動無線通訊--P16 第三章 劃碼多重接取系統--P18 3.1 展頻基本原理--P20 3.2 系統架構--P30 3.3 劃碼多重 接取優點--P33 3.4 窄頻劃碼多重接取--P36 3.4.1 單細胞系統--P36 3.4.2 多細胞系統--P38 第四章 寬頻劃碼多重接取系 統--P44 4.1 W-CDMA上鏈系統與通道--P44 4.2 W-CDMA單細胞上鏈系統--P47 4.3 W-CDMA多細胞上鏈系統--P48 4.4 W-CDMA在完美功率調控下的性能分析--P51 4.5 W-CDMA在不完美功率調控下的性能分析--P58 4.6 DPCCH對於傳輸效能 之影響--P62 4.7多路DPDCH並列傳輸對傳輸效能之影響--P65 第五章 W-CDMA通訊效能數值分析--P70 5.1完美功率調控 下W-CDMA上鏈系統效能數值分析--P70 5.2不完美功率調控下W-CDMA上鏈系統效能數值分析--P76 5.3 DPCCH對於傳輸 效能之數值分析--P82 第六章 結論--P88 參考文獻--P90 縮寫--P93

REFERENCES

[1]T. S. RAPPAPORT, WIRELESS COMMUNICATION, PRENTICE-HALL, 1996.

[2]A. J. VITERBI, CDMA PRINCIPLES OF SPREAD SPECTRUM COMMUNICATION, 1995.

[3]ERIK DAHLMN, "UMTS/IMT-2000 BASED ON WIDEBAND CDMA," IEEE TRANS. COMMUN., PP.70-80, SEPTEMBER 1998.
[4]L. A. GERHARDT, "SPREAD SPECTRUM COMMUNICATION," AGARD LECTURE SERIES NO. 58, NATO, JULY 1973.
[5]D. J. TORRIERI, "PERFORMANCE OF DIRECT-SEQUENCE SYSTEM WITH LONG PSEUDO NOISE SEQUENCE," IEEE J. SEL. AREA COMMUN., VOL. 10, NO. 4, PP.770-781, MAY 1992.

[6]R. STEELE, C. C. LEE AND P. GOULD, GSM CDMAONE AND 3G SYSTEMS, CH5 JOHN WILEY & SONS, 2001.

[7]邱魏豪麒 "寬頻劃碼多重接取系統功率調控" 大葉大學碩士論文, 2001.

[8]李金椿、陳俊男、謝世瑋"寬頻劃碼多重接取系統之多重速率傳輸效能分析"兩岸三地無線科技 研討會,編號:902071,第24頁,2001 年12月。

[9]K. S. GILHOUSEN, I. M. JACOBS, R. PADOVANI, A. J. VITERBI AND L. A. WHEATLEY, "ON THE CAPACITY OF A CELLULAR CDMA SYSTEM," IEEE TRANS. VEH. TECH., VOL. 40, NO. 2, PP.303- 312, MAY 1991.

[10]D. AYYAGARI AND A. EPHREMIDES, "CELLULAR MULTICODE CDMA CAPACITY FOR INTEGRATED (VOICE AND DATA) SERVICES," IEEE J. SEL. AREA COMMUN., VOL. 17, NO. 5, PP. 928-938, MAY 1999.

[11]C-L I AND K. K. SABNANI, "VARIABLE SPREADING GAIN CDMA,"AT&T LAB NOTEBOOK, PP. 9-11, AUGUST 1993.

[12]S. J. OH AND K. M. WASSERMAN, "DYNAMIC SPREADING GAIN CONTROL IN MULTISERVICE CDMA NETWORK," IEEE J. SEL. AREA COMMUN., VOL. 17, NO. 5, PP. 918-927, MAY 1999.

[13]R. VANNITHAMBY AND E. S. SOUSA, "PERFORMANCE OF MULTI-RATE DATA TRAFFIC USING VARI -ABLE SPREADING GAIN IN THE REVERSE LINK UNDER WIDEBAND CDMA," IEEE PP.1155-1159, 2000.

[14]D. J. GOODMAN, WIRELESS PERSONAL COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS, ADDISON-WESLEY, 1997.

[15]J. L. DORNSTETTER AND D. VERHULST, "CELLULAR EFFICIENCY WITH SLOW FREQUENCY HOPPING: ANALYSIS OF THE DIGITAL SFH900 MOBILE SYSTEM," IEEE J. SEL. AREA COMMUN., VOL. 5, NO. 5, PP. 835-848, JUNE 1987.

[16] M. D. YACOUB, FOUNDATIONS OF MOBILE RADIO ENGINEERING, BOCA RATON, FL:CRC PRESS, 1993.

[17]J. G. PROAKIS, DIGITAL COMMUNICATIONS, MCGRAW-HILL, 1995.

[18]P. JUNG, P. W. BASIER AND A. STEIL, "ADVANTAGES OF CDMA AND SPREAD SPECTRUM TECHNIQUES OVER FDMA AND TDMA IN CELLULAR MOBILE RADIO APPLICATIONS," IEEE TRANS. VEH. TECH., VOL. 4, PP.357-364, 1993.

[19]W. C. Y. LEE, "OVERVIEW OF CELLULAR CDMA," IEEE TRANS. VEH. TECH., VOL. 40, NO. 2, PP. 291-302, MAY 1991.
 [20]R. CAMERON AND B. D. WOERNER, "AN ANALYSIS OF CDMA WITH IMPERFECT POWER CONTROL, " IEEE 41ST VTS CONF., DENVER, PP. 47-49 1992.

[21]C. C. LEE AND R. STEELS, "EFFECT OF SOFT AND SOFTER HANDOFFS ON CDMA SYSTEM CAPACITY, " IEEE TRANS. VEH. TECH., VOL.47, NO. 3, PP. 830-841,AUGUST 1998.

[22]S. YAO AND E. GERANIOTIS, "OPTIMAL POWER CONTROL LAW FOR MULTIMEDIA MULTIRATE CDMA SYSTEM," IEEE VTC'96, PP. 392-396, 1996.