

# DISTANCE MEASUREMENT BY SINGLE LENS IMAGE

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## ABSTRACT

THERE ARE TWO DISTINCTLY DIFFERENT WAYS TO MEASURE THE DISTANCE OF OBJECT BY USING OPTICAL CAMERA: METHODS OF DUAL LENSES FOCUSING ( STEREO VISION ) AND SINGLE LENS DEFOCUSING. HOWEVER, BECAUSE THERE IS A PROBLEM OF THE OBJECTS CORRESPONDENCE BETWEEN THE IMAGES TAKEN BY DIFFERENT LENS, THE DISTANCE MEASURED WITH THE METHOD OF DUAL-LENSES CAMERA IS USUALLY NOT RELIABLE. THEREFORE, THERE HAVE BEEN MORE AND MORE RESEARCH ACTIVITIES AND THEORIES OF MEASURING DISTANCE TECHNIQUE BY METHOD OF SINGLE OPTICAL LENS BASED ON PRINCIPLE OF DEPTH-FROM-DEFOCUS. THE PRINCIPLE OF THE DEPTH-FROM-DEFOCUS IS USING THE BLURRING SITUATION OF IMAGE TAKEN FROM LENS' INACCURATE FOCUSING ON ESTIMATING THE DISTANCE OF THE OBJECT FROM THE CAMERA, AND THEN THE EXACTLY SAME SCENE WERE TAKEN SEVERAL TIMES WITH FOCUSED OR DEFOCUSED IMAGES BY CHANGING LENS PARAMETERS TO FURTHER CALCULATE THE BLURRING GRADIENT OF THE SAME BLOCK AREA FROM DIFFERENT IMAGES DATABASE. FROM THE CALCULATION OF BLURRING GRADIENT, WE CAN DERIVE THE NEAR/FAR DISTANCES OF THE OBJECTS IN DIFFERENT BLOCK AREAS OF THE COMPLETE IMAGE. BECAUSE OF NOISE INTERFERENCE OF THE IMAGE SENSOR AND SPATIAL SHIFT DEVIATION ERROR DUE TO LENS SHIFTING BETWEEN MULTIPLE IMAGING ACTIVITIES FROM ONE TO ANOTHER, THE ACCURACY OF THE DISTANCE MEASURED IS USUALLY AFFECTED. THE PREVIOUSLY PUBLISHED RESEARCH RESULTS WERE ALMOST LIMITED IN THE IDEALLY EXPERIMENTAL ENVIRONMENT WITHOUT CONSIDERATION OF PROBLEMS IN PRACTICAL APPLICATION, THUS THEY WERE LACK OF PRACTICALLY IMPLEMENTATION VALUES. THIS THESIS APPLIES THE METHODS OF LEAST-SQUARE ERRORS TO AVOID THE PROBLEMS MENTIONED AND FURTHER TO IMPROVE THE ACCURACY. WE FIRST PROVIDE THE REQUIRE MATHEMATICAL FORMULATIONS, AND THEN VERIFY THE NOVEL TECHNIQUE WITH SIMULATION RESULTS. FINALLY, WE PROVIDE ASSESSMENT ABOUT THE EFFICIENT SOLUTION TO THIS METHOD AND ALSO PROPOSE SEVERAL OPTIMAL CONFIGURATIONS TO IMPLEMENT THIS TECHNIQUE IN PRACTICAL APPLICATIONS. THE RESULTS OF THIS RESEARCH WILL GREATLY HELP SOLVE THE TROUBLE MET BY THE METHODS OF DISTANCE MEASURING FROM DEFOCUS IN SINGLE LENS IMAGES, AND IT WILL CONTRIBUTE IN THE RESEARCH AREA OF COMPUTER VISION.

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## Table of Contents

第一章 緒論 1.1 研究動機與背景--P1 1.2 研究方法--P4 1.3 論文架構--P6 第二章 散焦模糊的過程 2.1 鏡頭的幾何關係式--P7 2.2 點擴散方程式--P10 第三章 反卷積與擴散參數 3.1 單鏡頭單影像的擴散參數求法--P14 3.2 頻域上的多影像擴散參數求法--P17 3.3 空間域的卷積與反卷積--P20 3.4 空間域擴散參數的求得--P26 3.5 最小平方誤差法修正水平偏移--P32 3.6 最小平方誤法則求擴散參數--P35 第四章 實驗驗證與參數校正 4.1 空間域的反卷積驗證--P41 4.2 變化的擴散參數--P49 4.3 振動位移的檢出--P53 4.4 加入雜訊因素的演算--P55 4.5 實際鏡頭系統的參數校正及求距離--P58 第五章 結論與展望 5.1 結論--P65 5.2 未來研究方向--P66

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