# Investigation of Microorganism Growth and Free Water, Porosity Changes in Fresh Meats and Meat Products during Differen

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#### **ABSTRACT**

Fresh meats and meat products result in quality decreasing by microorganism growth, but traditional microbiology testing doesn 't provide food raw material' s information immediately. Before laboratory builded a quality testing index. It was electrical conductivity. Food placed different storage environment. Microorganism growth leaded to electrical conductivity increasing. Electrical conductivity and microorganism were positive related. Previous studies indicated microorganism growth. Which cause could change food structure, and the porosity or water structure were mutated, which cause bound water transferred free water. The changes resulted in electrical conductivity increasing. However, no studies were conducted to verify microorganism growth leading to porosity and free water ratio variation. The study 's purpose are measuring free water ratio and porosity variation of meats and meat products in different storage environment. Data with previous laboratory 's total viable count and electrical conductivity data were compared. In the study. Three fresh meats and three meat products samples were stored in the room temperature or wet environment for total 72 hours. Both free water ratio and porosity were measured. Regression analysis of free water ratio, porosity and total viable count, electrical conductivity data were conducted. The results show when samples placed in different environments, the total viable count varied with the time during storage. The porosity decreased, but the free water ratio didn 't. Fresh meats' free water ratio and porosity varied with the total viable count. The pork and beef samples ' porosity increased with microorganism growth. Both free water ratio and porosity increased in the fish samples. It showed high relativity with electrical conductivity. Because meat products were restructure food, water had been changed into free water during processing. The porosity decreasing resulted from soiled materials. For fresh meats, the fish sample 's pulp is tenderer than pork and beef samples, this results in change of bound water to free water during microorganism growth. All meats samples ' porosity increased, because the structures were destroyed in microorganism growth.

Keywords: meat, processed meat, water mobility, free water ratio, porosity, total viable count, electrical conductivity

### **Table of Contents**

封面內頁 簽名頁 中文摘要…iii 英文摘要…v 誌謝…vii 目錄…viii 圖目錄…xi 表目錄…xii 1. 序論…1 2. 文獻回顧…2 2.1 食品原料 保存期間之微生物之變化...2 2.2 食品之水分組成...5 2.3 肉品之微生物滋生...10 2.4 微生物滋生所引發之組成成分與水分結 構變化...15 2.5 食品之孔隙度變化...18 2.6 食品原料中微生物、電導度、自由水比率與孔隙度之相互關係...19 3. 材料與方 法...24 3.1 實驗材料...24 3.2 實驗儀器設備...24 3.3 樣本處理...25 3.3.1 新鮮肉品...25 3.3.2 肉製加工品...25 3.4 實驗方法...25 3.4.1 保存實驗...25 3.4.2 自由水比率之測定...26 3.4.3 孔隙度之測定...28 3.4.4 統計分析...29 4. 結果與討論...30 4.1 新鮮肉品 於不同保存環境下自由水比率與孔隙度之變化...30 4.1.1 常溫環境...30 4.1.2 潮濕環境...34 4.2 肉製加工品於不同保存環境下 自由水比率與孔隙度之變化...37 4.2.1 常溫環境...37 4.2.2 潮濕環境...40 4.3 水分流動性、孔隙度與微生物、電導度間之相關 性...43 4.4 新鮮肉品於不同保存環境下生菌數與自由水比率之迴歸分析...44 4.4.1 常溫環境...44 4.4.2 潮濕環境...46 4.5 新鮮 肉品於不同保存環境下生菌數與孔隙度之迴歸分析...47 4.5.1 常溫環境...47 4.5.2 潮濕環境...48 4.6 新鮮肉品於不同保存環境 下自由水比率與電導度之迴歸分析...49 4.6.1 常溫環境...51 4.6.2 潮濕環境...51 4.7 新鮮肉品於不同保存環境下孔隙度與電導 度之迴歸分析...53 4.7.1 常溫環境...53 4.7.2 潮濕環境...55 4.8 肉製加工品與新鮮肉品之差異...57 5. 結論...59 5.1 結論...59 5.2 未來展望...60 參考文獻...61 附錄...65 圖目錄 圖2-1 乾燥階段之區分...4 圖2-2 影響食品穩定因素與水活性之相關性...9 圖4-1 常溫環境下自由水比率與孔隙度(a)豬肉樣本(b)牛肉樣本(c)魚肉樣本...31 圖4-2 潮濕環境下自由水比率與孔隙度(a)豬肉樣 本(b)牛肉樣本(c)魚肉樣本...35 圖4-3 常溫環境下自由水比率與孔隙度(a)貢丸樣本(b)牛肉丸樣本(c)魚丸樣本...38 圖4-4 潮濕環 境下自由水比率與孔隙度(a)貢丸樣本(b)牛肉丸樣本(c)魚丸樣本...41 圖4-5 魚肉樣本總生菌數與自由水比率之迴歸分析圖 (a) 常溫環境(b)潮濕環境...45 圖4-6 常溫環境下總生菌數與孔隙度之迴歸分析圖(a)豬肉樣本(b)牛肉樣本(c)魚肉樣本...48 圖4-7 潮 濕環境下總生菌數與孔隙度之迴歸分析圖(a)豬肉樣本(b)牛肉樣本(c)魚肉樣本...50 圖4-8 魚肉樣本自由水比率與電導度之迴 歸分析圖(a)常溫環境(b)潮濕環境...52 圖4-9 常溫環境下孔隙度與電導度之迴歸分析圖(a)豬肉樣本(b)牛肉樣本(c)魚肉樣本...54 圖4-10 潮濕環境下孔隙度與電導度之迴歸分析圖(a)豬肉樣本(b)牛肉樣本(c)魚肉樣本...56 表目錄 表4-1 常溫環境下豬肉、牛 肉與魚肉樣本之總含水率...32 表4-2 潮濕環境下豬肉、牛肉與魚肉樣本之總含水率...36 表4-3 常溫環境下貢丸、牛肉丸與魚 丸樣本之總含水率...39 表4-4 潮濕環境下貢丸、牛肉丸與魚丸樣本之總含水率...42

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