

# 篩選菌株 *Gluconacetobacter* sp. Wu3M 生產細菌纖維薄膜及動力學解析

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## 摘要

由*Gluconacetobacter* sp. 菌株所生產之細菌纖維素是一生物聚合物，具有獨特的結構、機械強度和化學穩定性。在本研究中，由椰子汁中篩選具有生產細菌纖維素之菌株，經16S rDNA 鑑定基因序列後屬於*Gluconacetobacter* sp.，並且命名為*Gluconacetobacter* sp. Wu3M (NCBI JX088028)。為了探討培養因子對*Gluconacetobacter* sp. Wu3M 菌株生產細菌纖維之影響，在本研究中探討4個變因，包含醋酸濃度、培養基表面積、培養器皿壁面粗糙度及接菌量。實驗結果顯示，添加0.25%之試藥級醋酸可增加細菌纖維薄膜產量。雖然增加大的表面積可以提高細菌纖維產量，但其產率(g BC/L medium volume)部分卻會下降。在表面積 $22 \times 30 \text{ cm}^2$ 下培養5天可得1.64 g/L之細菌纖維薄膜。純化實驗結果顯示，二階段處理可以明顯改善細菌纖維素色度之去除。在動力學部分分別以Logistic model 以及Luedeking-Piret model 模擬微生物生長，細菌纖維素生產和基質消耗。結果顯示，細菌纖維素的生產屬於生長相關。將細菌纖維速乾膜浸泡於奈米銀與benzalkonium chloride 溶液中製備抗菌薄膜。分析此薄膜對 *Bacillus subtilis* 和 *Escherichia coli* 菌株之抑制活性。實驗結果顯示，細菌纖維素抗菌薄膜可有效抑制*Bacillus subtilis* 和 *Escherichia coli* 菌株生長。

關鍵詞：細菌纖維素、*Gluconacetobacter* sp. Wu3M、動力學、純化、抗菌薄膜

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