

Occlusion Detection and Shadow Removal of Moving Vehicles

陳政廷、曾逸鴻

E-mail: 360556@mail.dyu.edu.tw

ABSTRACT

Due to the national quality of life in the fast growing, making significant increases in the number of vehicle to highlight the needs of traffic management. Based on the computer vision technology in intelligent traffic surveillance system, often the shadow of the light source irradiation, and arising from overlapping the car occlusion, so declined in accuracy of traffic's statistics. This study expected to simulate vision of human to judge to remove shadows, detach the occlusion, and enhance the accuracy of intelligent traffic monitoring system with continuous image analysis technology. In this study, we do vehicle detection, using background subtraction method to capture the foreground object. In part of the shadow removal, using characteristics, which shadow is darker than the background, and the darken ranges of tricolor is closing, to remove pixels of shadow preliminary. Furthermore, according to mobile feature of foreground pixels in this study, the pixels of fine shadow were removed again. In part of the occlusion separation, analyzing the characteristic by using optical flow analysis method for moving vehicles pixels. The occlusion is determined according to grouping number by using improved K-means method, and occlusion was cut further by using intersection of clustering as place of occlusion segmentation. Finally, we get the complete mobile vehicles. Experimental results on part of shadow removal and occlusion segmentation, the correct rates can be achieved 93% and 91% respectively, so the study's methodology is feasible. The study can be going to make intelligent traffic monitoring system more stable.

Keywords : shadow removal、video surveillance systems、occlusion detection

Table of Contents

中文摘要	ii	英文摘要
iii 致謝辭	iv	內容目錄
v 表目錄	vii	圖目錄
viii 第一章 緒論		
1 第一節 研究背景與動機	1	第二節 研究目的
4 第三節 系統流程	4	4 第四節 研究範圍與限制
6 第五節 論文架構	6	6 第二章 文獻探討
7 第二節 光照陰影判定與去除	7	7 第一節 移動物體偵測
9 第三節 移動物體遮蔽判定與分離	9	9 第三節 移動物體遮蔽判定與分離
12 第三章 移動車輛陰影判定與去除	12	14 第一節 移動車輛偵測
14 第二節 單張畫面陰影判定	14	20 第三節 連續畫面之車輛陰影判定與去除
23 第四章 移動車輛遮蔽判定與分離	23	29 第二節 連續畫面之車輛遮蔽分離
29 第一節 移動車輛物體之光流分析	29	32 第五章 實驗結果與分析
32 第二節 錯誤分析	32	36 第一節 實驗結果
43 參考文獻	43	36 第二節 錯誤分析
第六章 結論	44	41

REFERENCES

一、中文部分 交通部統計處。機動車輛登記數。2012年1月15日，取自：

<http://www.motc.gov.tw/mocwebGIP/wSite/public/Attachment/f1326673691586.xls> 曾逸鴻，林曉菁(2009)，多光源環境下之陰影模型建立與前景物體陰影去除，全國計算機會議，vol. 8, pp. 520-529。曾逸鴻，黃吉緯(2009)，整合多搜尋方法之影像資料庫檢索系統，科學與工程技術期刊，5(3) , 1-12。二、英文部分 Bugeau, A., & Perez, P. (2009). Detection and segmentation of moving objects in complex scenes. Computer Vision and Image Understanding, 113(4), 459-476. Chen, K. Y., Cheng, M. Y., & Tsai, M. C. (2002). Design and implementation of a real-time pan-tilt visual tracking system. IEEE International Conference on Control Applications, 736-741. Fang, L. Z., Qiong, W. Y., Sheng, Y. Z. (2008). A method to segment moving vehicle cast shadow based on wavelet transform. Pattern Recognition Letters, 29, 2182-2188 Gao, X., Yang,

Y., Tao, D., & Li, X. (2009). Discriminative optical flow tensor for video semantic analysis. *Computer Vision and Image Understanding*, 113(3), 372-383. Gentile, C., Camps, O., and Sznaier, M. (2004). Segmentation for robust tracking in the presence of severe occlusion. *IEEE Trans. Image Process*, 13(2), 166-178. Huang, C. L. and Liao, W. C. (2004). A vision-based vehicle identification system. in Proc. ICPR , 4, 364-367. Jacques, J. S., Jung, C. R., Musse, S. R. (2005). Background Subtraction and Shadow Detection in Grayscale Video Sequences. CROMOS Labouratory, PIPCA , Proceedings of the XVIII Brazilian symposium on Computer Graphics and Image Processing SIBGRAPI'05, IEEE Computer society. Jung, C. R. (2009). Efficient background subtraction and shadow removal for monochromatic video sequences. *IEEE Transactions on Multimedia*, 11(3), 571-577. Kamijo, S., Matsushita, Y., Ikeuchi, K., and Sakauchi, M. (2000). Traffic monitoring and accident detection at intersections. *IEEE Trans. Intell. Transp. Syst.*, 1(2), 108-118. Kanhere, N. K., Pundlik, S. J., and Birchfield, S. T. (2005). Vehicle segmentation and tracking from a low-angle off-axis camera. Proc. IEEE Conf. CVPR, 5(2), 1152-1157. Kim, E., & Park, S. (2006). Automatic video segmentation using genetic algorithms. *Pattern Recognition Letters*, 27(11), 1252-1265. Kinoshita, K., Enokidani, M., Izumida, M., & Murakami, K. (2006). Tracking of a moving object using one-dimensional optical flow with a rotating observer. *IEEE International Conference on Control, Automation, Robotics and Vision*, 6(9), 1-6. Lai, J. Z. C., Huang, T.-J., & Liaw, Y.-C. (2009). A fast k-means clustering algorithm using cluster center displacement. *Pattern Recognition*, 42(11), 2551-2556. Levine, M., & Bhattacharyya, J. (2005). Removing shadows. *Pattern Recognition Letters*, 26(3), 251-265. Lianqiang, N., & Nan, J. (2008). A Moving Objects Detection Algorithm Based on Improved Background Subtraction. Paper presented at the Intelligent Systems Design and Applications, 2008. ISDA '08. Eighth International Conference on, 3, 604-607. Lu, Y., Xin, H., Kong, J., Li, B. & Wang, Y. (2006). Shadow removal based on shadow direction and shadow attributes. *Computational Intelligence for Modelling, Control and Automation*, 37-37. Nicolas, H., & Pinel, J. M. (2006). Joint moving cast shadows segmentation and light source detection in video sequences. *Signal Processing: Image Communication*, 21(1), 22-43. Pyung-Soo, H., Ki-Yeol, E., Jae-Young, J., & Moon-hyun, K. (2009). A Statistical Approach to Robust Background Subtraction for Urban Traffic Video. Paper presented at the Computer Science and Engineering, 2009. WCSE '09. Second International Workshop on, 2, 177-181. Salvador, E., Cavallaro, A., & Ebrahimi, T. (2004). Cast shadow segmentation using invariant color features. *Computer Vision and Image Understanding*, 95(2), 238-259. Su, M. C. and C. H. Chou (2001). A modified version of the k-means algorithm with a distance based on cluster symmetry. *IEEE Transactions on Pattern Analysis and Machine Intelligence*, 23(6), 674-680. Tseng, Y. H. and H. Z. Xiao (2005). Background model construction and maintenance in a video surveillance system. Proceedings of the 18th Conference on Computer Vision, Graphics and Image Processing, 303-309. Veeraraghavan, H., Masoud. O., and Papanikolopoulos, N. P. (2003). Computer vision algorithms for intersection monitoring. *IEEE Trans. Intell. Transp. Syst.*, 4(2) ,78-89. Zhang, J., & Gong, S. (2009). People detection in low-resolution video with non-stationary background. *Image and Vision Computing*, 27(4), 437-443.