

A Study of A6061-T6 Optimization Process via Taguchi-PCA Method

郭冠頡、李義剛、余豐榮

E-mail: 344793@mail.dyu.edu.tw

ABSTRACT

Aluminum alloy is widely used in energy conservation and environmental protection, because of its high specific strength, corrosion-resistance, and recovery easiness. Heat-treated aluminum alloy requires heat treatment technologies that achieve quality stability. However, heat treatment processes are subject to the impact of multiple factors such as solution treatment, quenching, and artificial aging that result in quality instability. This study applied the Taguchi method for parameter optimization design of the A6061-T6 heat treatment process. First, the preliminary Taguchi experiments were conducted for parameter optimization design for single performance characteristic. Principal Component Analysis method was then applied to convert the values of multiple performance characteristics into a single performance index, which was the optimal integrated solution. The comparison of confirmation experiments and the optimization values of single performance characteristic, the mechanical properties including hardness, tensile strength, and elongation were tested. The testing results demonstrated that tensile strength along the rolling (T direction) was improved by 0.2%, and the elongation rate decreased by 1.1%. The indicator variance analysis of multiple performance characteristics index and factor analysis results suggested that artificial aging temperatures primarily affected the manufacturing process. The validation results were satisfactory and cost-effective to lower the experimental costs.

Keywords : Multiple Performance Characteristics、Analysis of Variance、Principal Components Analysis、Taguchi Method、T6、A6061

Table of Contents

封面內頁 簽名頁 博碩士論文暨電子檔案上網授權書.....	iii	中文摘要.....	iv
ABSTRACT	v	謝.....	vi
錄.....	x	目錄.....	vii
動機.....	1	第一章 緒論.....	1
限制.....	1.1.2	研究目的.....	1.1.1研究背景與
金熱處理.....	5	2 1.3研究方法與流程.....	3 1.4研究範圍與
時效.....	11	2 第二章 文獻探討.....	6 2.1鋁合金材料特性與分類.....
號.....	11.2.1	2.1.2固溶處理.....	6 2.2鋁合
驗.....	11.2.2	2.2.1淬火.....	12 2.2.3人工
2.8田口式品質工程相關文獻.....	13	2.2.2固溶處理.....	12 2.2.3人工
法.....	13.2.3	2.2.3淬火.....	12 2.2.3人工
析.....	15	2.3.熱處理析出硬化過程.....	13 2.4熱處理型鋁合金之熱處理代
變異數分析.....	15.2.5	2.4.洛氏硬度試驗.....	16 2.7拉伸試
四章 實驗方法與步驟.....	16	2.5金相觀察.....	16.2.6洛氏硬度試驗.....
擇.....	17	2.6直交表.....	16 2.7拉伸試
試驗機.....	17.2.7.1	2.7.2金屬材料斷口狀況.....	19
步驟.....	17.2.7.2	2.8田口式品質工程相關文獻.....	20 2.9各種決策權重求算方法.....
.....	17.2.7.3	24 第三章 研究方	24 第三章 研究方
.....	17.2.7.4	2.10主成份分析方法.....	26 3.1參數設計.....
.....	17.2.7.5	2.11因子水準圖.....	27 3.2直交表.....
.....	17.2.7.6	2.12回應曲線圖.....	30 3.3資料分
.....	17.2.7.7	2.13主成份分析方法.....	33 3.3.1信號雜音比.....
.....	17.2.7.8	2.14因子水準圖.....	33 3.3.2回應曲線圖.....
.....	17.2.7.9	2.15單一品質最佳化-田口方法與變異數分	33 3.3.3 35 3.5確認實驗.....
.....	17.2.7.10	2.16主成份分析方法.....	37 第
.....	17.2.7.11	2.17因子水準圖.....	39 4.1決定品質特性.....
.....	17.2.7.12	2.18單一品質最佳化-田口方法與變異數分	39 4.2因子與水準的選
.....	17.2.7.13	2.19主成份分析方法.....	40 4.3實驗設備與材料.....
.....	17.2.7.14	2.20因子水準圖.....	41 4.3.1熱處理爐.....
.....	17.2.7.15	2.21單一品質最佳化-田口方法與變異數分	41 4.3.2洛氏硬度
.....	17.2.7.16	2.22主成份分析方法.....	42 4.3.3萬能材料試驗機.....
.....	17.2.7.17	2.23因子水準圖.....	43 4.3.4實驗材料.....
.....	17.2.7.18	2.24單一品質最佳化-田口方法與變異數分	44 4.4實驗
.....	17.2.7.19	2.25主成份分析方法.....	45 5.1.1硬度試驗.....
.....	17.2.7.20	2.26單一品質最佳化-田口方法與變異數分	47 5.1.2拉伸試驗.....
.....	17.2.7.21	2.27主成份分析方法.....	50 5.2.多重品質特性最佳化-主
.....	17.2.7.22	2.28單一品質最佳化-田口方法與變異數分	61 5.2.1多重品質特性.....
.....	17.2.7.23	2.29單一品質最佳化-田口方法與變異數分	61 5.2.2預測模式.....
.....	17.2.7.24	2.30單一品質最佳化-田口方法與變異數分	68 5.2.3確認實
.....	17.2.7.25	2.31單一品質最佳化-田口方法與變異數分	69 5.2.4確認實驗與單一品質特性比較.....
.....	17.2.7.26	2.32單一品質最佳化-田口方法與變異數分	71 5.3巨觀觀察.....
.....	17.2.7.27	2.33單一品質最佳化-田口方法與變異數分	73
.....	17.2.7.28	2.34單一品質最佳化-田口方法與變異數分	73 5.3.1 T方向斷口狀況.....
.....	17.2.7.29	2.35單一品質最佳化-田口方法與變異數分	73 5.3.2 L方向斷口狀況.....
.....	17.2.7.30	2.36單一品質最佳化-田口方法與變異數分	74 第六章 結論與未來研究方
.....	17.2.7.31	2.37單一品質最佳化-田口方法與變異數分	75 6.1結論.....
.....	17.2.7.32	2.38單一品質最佳化-田口方法與變異數分	75 6.2未來研究方向.....
.....	17.2.7.33	2.39單一品質最佳化-田口方法與變異數分	76 參考文
.....	17.2.7.34	2.40單一品質最佳化-田口方法與變異數分	77

REFERENCES

中文部份: 1.呂淮熏、黃能崇、張清靠，主成份田口法應用於高速端?SKD61模具鋼切削參數最適化設計之研究，技術學刊，第二十二卷

, 第四期 , 325-333 , 2007。 2.林樹均、葉均蔚、劉增豐、李勝隆 , 材料工程實驗與原理 , 全華圖書股份有限公司 , 2004。 3.曹啟彰 , 表面清淨度對7075鋁合金熱處理後之機械性質影響 , 大葉大學機械工程研究所碩士論文 , 2004。 4.莊東漢 , 材料分析與檢測實驗 , 五南圖書出版股份有限公司 , 2006。 5.陸仁凱 , 7XXX系含銣鋁合金的顯微結構與機械性質之分析 , 國立中央大學機械工程研究所碩士論文 , 2006。 6.黃振賢 , 機械材料 , 文京圖書股份有限公司 , 1991。 7.楊秉勳 , Be與Fe含量對A357合金微結構及應力腐蝕性質之影響 , 國立中央大學機械工程研究所碩士論文 , 2002。 8.劉國雄、葉均蔚 , 高強力鋁合金之熱處理-析出硬化 , 工業技術研究院工業材料研究所 , 頁1-21 , 1994。 9.劉炳宏、魏秋建 , 決策權重方法之分析比較 , 永達學報 , 第二卷 , 第一期 , 頁97-113 , 2001。 10.劉文海 , 鋁合金潛力產品與前景分析 , 經濟部技術處產業技術知識服務(ITIS)計畫 , 2004。 11.鄭博文、賴穎姿、劉書聿 , 以田口參數設計探討芳香精油對於降低焦慮感的最適條件 , 中華民國品質學會第42屆年會暨第12屆全國品質管理研討會 論文集 , 2006。 12.鄭世智 , 再結晶與磁選程序對垃圾熔渣之影響研究 , 國立中央大學環境工程研究所碩士論文 , 2006。 13.鍾昆原 , 7005擠製鋁合金的拉伸與疲勞性質研究 , 國立中央大學機械工程研究所碩士論文 , 2002。 14.蘇朝墩 , 品質工程 , 中華民國品質學會 , 2002。 英文部份: 1.Antony, J., " Multi-response Optimization in Industrial Experiments Using Taguchi's Quality Loss Function and Principal Component Analysis " , Quality and Reliability Engineering International, Vol.16, pp.3-8, 2000. 2.Askeland, D., R, and P. P., Phule, " The Science and Engineering Materials " , Third Edition, Thomson Learning, Singapore, 2003. 3.ASTM E8M., " Standard Test Methods for Tension Testing of Metallic Materials " , Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol. 03.01, 2000. 4.Reed-Hill, R., E, and R., Abbaschian, " Physical Metallurgy Principles " , Third Edition, Cengage Learning, Stamford, 1994. 5.Chen, R. S., H. H., Lee, and C. Y., Yu, " Application of Taguchi's Method the Optimal Process Design of An Injection Molded PC/PBT Automobile Bumper " , Composite Structures, Vol. 39, No. 3-4, pp. 209-214, 1997. 6.Dwight, J., " Aluminium Design and Construction " , Routledge, New York, 1999. 7.Dolan, G. P., and J. S., Robinson, " Residual stress reduction in 7175-T73, 6061-T6 and 2017A-T4 aluminium alloys using quench factor analysis " , Journal of Materials Processing Technology, Vol.153-154, pp.346-351, 2004. 8.Ericsson, M., and R., Sandstrom, " Influence of welding speed on the fatigue of friction stir welds, and comparison with MIG and TIG " , International Journal of Fatigue, Vol. 25, No. 12, pp. 1379-1387, 2003. 9.Ghani, J. A., I. A., Choudhury, and H. H., Hassan, " Application of Taguchi method in the optimization of end milling parameters " , Journal of Materials Processing Technology, Vol. 145, No. 1, pp. 84-92, 2004. 10.Hotelling, H., " Analysis of a Complex of Statistical Variables into Principal Components " , Journal of Education Psychology, Vol. 24, pp.498-520, 1933. 11.Hatch, J. E., " Aluminum properties and physical metallurgy " , American Society for Materials, Materials Park, Ohio, 1984. 12.Khoei, A. R., I., Masters, and D. T., Gethin, " Design Optimization of Aluminium recycling processes using Taguchi technique " , Journal of Materials Processing Technology, Vol. 127, pp. 96-106, 2002. 13.Leisk, G., and A., Saigal, " Taguchi analysis of heat treatment variables on the mechanicalbehavior of alumina/aluminum metal matrix composites " , Journal of Composites Engineering, Vol. 5, No.2, pp.129-142, 1995. 14.Lu, S. M., Y. M., Li, and J. C., Tang, " Optimum design of natural-circulation solar-water-heater by the Taguchi method " , Journal of Energy Research, Vol 28, No. 28, pp. 741-750, 2003. 15.Nowotnik, G. M., and J., Sieniawski, " Influence of heat treatment on the microstructure and mechanical properties of 6005 and 6082 aluminium alloys " , Journal of Materials Processing Technology, Vol. 162-163, pp. 367-372, 2005. 16.Pearson, K., " On Lines and Planes of Closest Fit to Systems of Points in Spaces " , Philosophical Magazine, Vol. 2, pp. 559-572, 1901. 17.Phadke, M. S., " Quality Engineering Using Robust Design " , Prentice-Hall, 1989. 18.Shivkumar, S., C., Keller, and D., Apelian, " Aging behavior in Al-Si-Mg alloys " , AFS Transactions, pp. 905-911, 1990. 19.Su, C. T., and L. I., Tong, " Multi-response Robust Design by Principal Component Analysis " , Total Quality management, Vol. 8, No. 6, pp. 409-416, 1997. 20.Shih, J. S., Y. F., Tzeng, and J. B., Yang, " Principal component analysis for multiple quality characteristics optimization of metal inert gas welding aluminum foam plate " , Materials and Design, Vol. 32, No. 6, pp. 1253-1261, 2011. 21.Tsui, K. L., " An overview of Taguchi method and newly developed statistical method for robust design " , IIE Transactions, Vol. 24, No.5, pp.47-57, 1992. 22.Tarng, Y. S., and W. H., Yang, " Application of the Taguchi method to the Optimisation of the Submerged Arc Welding Process " , Materials and Manufacturing Processes, Vol. 13, pp. 455- 467, 1998. 23.Takatsuli, H., and T., Arai, " Pinholes in Al Thin Films: Their Effects on TFT Characteristics and Taguchi Method Analysis of Their Origins " , Vacuum, Vol. 59, No. 6, pp. 606-613, 2000. 24.Wu, D. H., and M. S., Chang, " Use of Taguchi Method to Develop a Robust Design for the Magnesium Alloy Die Casting Process " , Materials Science and Engineering A, Vol. 379, No.1-2, pp. 366-377, 2004. 25.Zhang, J. Z., J. C., Chen, and E. D., Kirby, " Surface roughness optimization in an end-milling operation using the Taguchi design method " , Journal of Materials Processing Technology, Vol. 184, No.1-3, pp. 233-239, 2007.