

Simulation study of a hydrogen refueling system and its associated hydrogen generation

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ABSTRACT

In searching for an alternative fuel to replace petroleum fuels, hydrogen is regarded as one of the most important clean energy sources. Not only in transportation applications but also in power supply applications, they all have its important roles. The major research of this thesis is for an on-site hydrogen production refueling station as well as an investigation from production, storage, and consequently to its final dispensing fueling. Argonne National Laboratory's (ANL's) energy simulation software, GCtool, and Matlab/Simulink software were being used for simulation of a hydrogen refueling station; practical operation modules were being established; and some practical operations of the foreign refueling stations were being investigated. Due to its huge and complicated nature, Only a hydrogen production part is being selected for validation and comparison between the experiment and simulation. In the experiment, a carbon plate, stainless steel plate and stainless steel plate coated with nickel were being selected as electrodes; the results indicated that under standard temperature and pressure conditions with 20 wt% NaOH concentration of the electrolyte and 101.35 mA/cm² of the current density, the hydrogen yield rates were 227.5, 232.5 and 227.5 mL/min, respectively. These values were being enlarged as a commercial scale that produced 15 Nm³/hr of hydrogen for system simulation. Under an assumption of a 350 atm fueling pressure condition, the compression and storage modules would consume 2.71 kW of work energy and 0.48 kW of heat loss; if under a 700 atm pressure, it would consume 3.32 kW of work energy and 1.82 kW of heat loss.

Keywords : Water Electrolysis、Hydrogen Refueling Station、GCtool Simulation、Matlab/Simulink Simulation

Table of Contents

封面內頁 簽名頁 授權書	iii	中文摘要	
. iv 英文摘要		v 誌謝	
. vi 目錄		vii 圖目錄	
. x 表目錄		xii 符號說明	
. xiv 第一章 緒論			
. 1 1.1 前言		1 1.2 研究動機與方法	
. 3 1.3 文獻回顧		4 1.4 論文架構	
. 9 第二章 理論基礎與研究方法		10 2.1 氫能源	
. 10 2.2 氫氣的取得		11 2.2.1 石化原料產氫	
. 11 2.2.2 水中製氫		15 2.2.3 生物質製氫	
. 16 2.3 水電解產氫的簡介		17 2.3.1 水電解產氫的原理	
. 18 2.3.2 水電解產氫的技術分類		20 2.4 加氫站的簡介	
. 23 2.4.1 氫氣的儲存		25 2.5 系統模擬的介紹	
. 28 2.5.1 Matlab簡介		29 2.5.2 GCtool簡介	
. 29 第三章 建立加氫站的系統模擬		33 3.1 氫氣產生系統模型	
. 33 3.1.1 以Simulink建立系統模型		33 3.2 儲存充氫系統模型	
. 35 3.2.1 壓縮儲存系統模型		36 3.2.2 氫氣填充系統	
. 37 3.2.3 自製加氫站系統模擬		38 第四章 實驗方法	
. 40 4.1 氫氣產生系統的實作		40 4.1.1 實驗儀器設備	
. 40 4.1.2 實驗步驟		42 4.1.3 實驗應注意事項	
. 43 4.1.4 實驗架設		43 4.2 產氫	
. 45 4.2.1 碳極板的實驗結果		45 4.2.2 不鏽鋼極板的實驗結果	
. 47 4.2.3 不鏽鋼鍍鎳極板的實驗結果		49 4.2.4 氣體成分分析	
. 50 4.2.5 氣體成分分析結果與討論		52 4.2.6 實驗結果與模擬討論	
. 55 4.3 加氫站的設置與討論		57 4.3.1 建構加氫站模組	
. 57 4.4 實際加氫站的探討		64 4.4.1 氫氣產生設備	
. 65 4.4.2 氫氣壓縮系統		66	

4.4.3 水冷凝系統	67	4.4.4 氫氣儲存槽	69
4.4.5 氣體的控制操縱面板(GCP)	70	4.4.6 氫氣填充機	71
4.5 加氫站的運轉流程	72	4.6 加氫站的相關安全規範	
. 73		4.7 車輛的氫氣填充相關注意事項	75
.	76	5.1 結論	76
.	78	5.2 未來展望與建議	80
.		參考文獻	80

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