An Agent-Based Single Sign-On Scheme for Web Services Environments

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ABSTRACT

Nowadays, web services' single sign-on schemes can provide a single authenticator for their verification purpose. However, users who enter most of these single sign-on systems receive less service from them, because all activities in these systems are limited in a single domain. If the users would like to enter other websites, the "log-in" process has to be done once again for accessing the web. In such a way, it is inconvenient and time-consuming for users. SAML standard was established based on OASIS, and it provides Web Services' single sign-on function; however, the system uses "redirect" method for its verification purpose which not only increases the heavy loading of servers, but also costs the Internet flow and bandwidth. Furthermore, it may cause the potential attacks like the replay and man-in-the-middle attacks. On the other hand, Microsoft, one of the world well-known software builder, has create something similar called .NET Passport. Its function includes single sign-on as well; however, the privacy of user may suffer the risk of eavesdropping. Therefore, developing a trust model under a single sign-on system of web services environments with the help of secure agent platform is the main contribution of this thesis. In summary, the proposed single sign-on scheme can reduce the number of communications between users and servers, enhance the security of Internet services, provide the privacy of users, and promote the efficiency of system as well as less delay in the web services environments. In addition, this thesis further employs Lysa analysis tool to verify the security and correctness of the proposed scheme.

Keywords : Web Services ; Agent ; Single Sign-On (SSO) ; Information Security ; Lysa-Tool