The Development of Network Address Translation and Protocol Translation on Embedded Linux

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ABSTRACT
Rapid growth of Internet participants and development of mobile computing have escalated the depletion of limited 32bits IPv4 addresses. In responding, newer IPv6 that equipped with 128 bits addresses is developed. The transition of IPv4 to IPv6 takes time, hence IETF develops a series of schemes for the Internet to sustain both IPv4 and IPv6 during the transition. Among these schemes, NAT-PT is well adapted for its simplicity. This paper concerns implementation of NAT-PT on an embedded based Residential Gateway and assesses the power dissipation of the implementation using dynamic profiling and cross-compiling techniques.

Keywords : Embedded system, Linux, IPv6, Gateway, NAT-PT

Table of Contents

第一章前言

第二章相關研究
2.1 新一代的網際網路協定
2.1.1 IPv6 標頭
2.1.2 IPv6 位址架構
2.1.3 位址的表示法
2.2 網路協定轉換機制
2.3 嵌入式系統
2.4 封包的攔截與轉換
2.5 搜尋演算法
2.5.1 循序搜尋法
2.5.2 二分搜尋法
2.5.3 雜湊法
2.6 網路處理器效能

第三章系統架構
3.1 測試與分析系統架構說明
3.2 測試與分析步驟說明
3.2.1 Profiling 及測試封包
3.2.2 Cross-Compiler 安裝及ARM 程式碼產生
3.3 搜尋方式研究

第四章測試結果分析
4.1 結果分析
4.2 演算法分析

第五章結論

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